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VOL. XXV NO. 259 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Tagore Rushes To Gandhiji's Bedside

Mahatma Suddenly Taken Ill

Persuaded To Cancel Journey To Wardha

'S. O. S.' TO WORKING COMMITTEE MEMBERS

"Condition Much Better" At Night

CALCUTTA, Nov. 1.

Mahatma Gandhi's departure from Calcutta to Wardha had to be postponed suddenly this evening owing to a sudden rise of blood pressure.

He was feeling giddy and fatigued.

Mahatma Gandhi was to have left by the B. N. R. Mail this evening. But a few minutes prior to his departure he felt extremely fatigued and Doctors were hurriedly summoned.

NEEDS COMPLETE REST

DOCTOR SUNIL CHANDRA BOSE, WHO EXAMINED HIM, HAS ISSUED THE FOLLOWING BULLETIN AT SEVEN P. M:—

"MAHATMA GANDHI FELT EXTREME EXHAUSTION AND PROSTRATION RATHER SUDDENLY AT 5-30 P. M. HIS BLOOD PRESSURE WAS FOUND TO HAVE GONE UP CONSIDERABLY. IN THE PRESENT CONDITION OF HIS HEALTH INTERVIEWS AND EVEN "DARSHAN" FOR THE NEXT THREE DAYS MUST BE AVOIDED. HIS DOCTORS, THEREFORE, EXPECT HIS FRIENDS AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC KINDLY TO CO-OPERATE IN GIVING MAHATMA GANDHI COMPLETE REST THAT IS ESSENTIAL FOR HIS RECOVERY".

Cancels Journey

Mahatma Gandhi is reported to have persisted in undertaking the journey and it took considerable time for his friends to persuade him to cancel the journey. He, however, has insisted on having the usual evening prayers with others.

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, who was one of those in persuading Mahatma Gandhi to cancel the journey, is joining the prayer.

An S. O. S. has been sent to the majority of the Working Committee members, who are due to leave Calcutta to-night to postpone their departure.

SEQUEL TO EXHAUSTION

Gandhiji had attended the sittings of the Working Committee throughout. Extending over four hours.

At 5-30 p.m. preparatory to his departure, the Mahatma was going to take his meal when he felt great exhaustion and fell prostrate. Doctors were immediately sent for. When Mahatma Gandhi rallied a little, he insisted that his programme of departure should be adhered to. His condition, however, caused a little uneasiness to those surrounding him. They earnestly pleaded that he should postpone his departure but Gandhiji would not heed anything.

"FEMALE-FOLK WEEPING"

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose pleaded with Gandhiji that he should postpone his departure. Dr. Sunil Bose who has been attending on Gandhiji these days arrived in the meantime and pleaded with him that he should give up the idea of going and reinforced his advice by saying that the female-folk of the house were already weeping at the idea of Mahatmaji's going in this state of health. At last, Mahatma Gandhi yielded and cancelled his departure.

In the meantime, word was sent to members of the Working Committee who had already left Woodburn Park after the conclusion of their deliberations and were on their way to the station that Mahatmaji had cancelled his departure owing to ill-health. Other prominent men were also informed.

Dr. Bose examined Gandhiji and his blood pressure was found to be 225. After he had been medically attended to, all retired from upstairs where Gandhiji was staying. The big crowd which had collected inside the compound to have a "darshan" was persuaded to leave so as to eliminate noise as much as possible and give him the much-needed rest.

POET'S SURPRISE VISIT

The most surprising visitor at the house was Dr. Rabindranath Tagore who hearing Mahatmaji's illness rushed to the House.

Dr. Tagore arrived at 7-5 p.m. and told Mr. Sarat Bose and Mahadeo Desai that Gandhiji should not be informed that he had come to the House.

Dr. Tagore had come personally only to know how Gandhiji was. Mr. Desai told him that Gandhiji would say his usual prayers at the appointed time whatever happened. As Dr. Tagore was too

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 5.)

CAWNPORE LABOUR TROUBLE SEQUEL

CALCUTTA, Nov. 1.

Enquiries made by the "United Press" show that Mahatmaji has been very much worried over the recurrence of troubles in the Labour situation at Cawnpore. He was busy the whole of this afternoon devising ways and means of meeting the requirements of the situation there, in consultation with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Cawnpore Labour Enquiry Committee appointed by the U. P. Government.

Poet Rabindranath Tagore who came to see Gandhiji silently embraced him and remained with him for nearly one hour in the course of which they spoke very little except that the poet entreated Gandhiji to avoid strain till he recouped his health.—United Press.

A party of Chinese students which passed through Bombay on their way from England to China were received by student workers of Bombay. Photo of group taken at the Mole. (Report on page 7).

Eden's Hit At Italy

Novel Champion Of German Claim To African Possessions

LONDON, Nov. 1.

Replying to the debate on the Foreign Affairs in the House of Commons, Mr. Anthony Eden observed that recently a country, which itself as the outcome of the Great War had gained very considerable accessions of territory in Europe and received certain territorial concessions in Africa from countries, which were its allies in the Great War, now championed the claim of Germany to African possessions. Mr. Eden did not desire to comment on the claim so far as Germany and England were concerned but "we do not admit the right of any Government to call upon us for contribution, when there is no evidence to show that that Government is prepared to make any contribution themselves." (Cheers.)

Answering the Opposition attacks on Government policy vis-a-vis the League, particularly with reference to Far East, Mr. Eden said that the assailants did not appreciate the position, which the United States occupied at Geneva and the position they occuy at Brussels. Any action of whatever character depended essentially upon the co-operation of the United States. "In order to get the full co-operation on equal basis of the United States in the International Conference, I would travel not only from Geneva to Brussels, but from Melbourne to Alaska, particularly the present state of international affairs."

The Opposition asked whether in the Far Eastern situation Britain would, go as far as the United States, not rushing in front and not being left behind.

"That is an accurate definition of our object. With the present world conditions, we realise the difficulties in the Far Eastern situation. I go to Brussels anxious to contribute what little lies in my power to the situation, in which nobody will envy the Foreign Secretary to-day, replied Mr. Eden.—Reuter.

Govt. Forestall Prohibition Losses

Bombay Ministers To Draw Upon Mysore Experiments

(From Our Special Correspondent).

The Government of Bombay are busily engaged in finding out ways and means of making up the loss that would certainly be incurred due to the introduction of Prohibition. While Doctor Gilder Minister in-charge of Excise is making every effort to see that Bombay goes "Dry" as early as possible, he is also trying his utmost to see how best he can help his colleague, the Finance Minister in balancing the Budget.

Recently there has been a good deal of talk about converting Indian Liquor into power alcohol to make up the loss to the Government coffers. It was suggested that the production cost would be enormous. But enquiries show that it is not so.

It appears that successful experiments have been made in the Mysore State where liquor has been converted into power alcohol and has been used as petrol for motor lorries. Rectified spirits, denatured with ½ per cent. Pyridine and 2½ per cent. petrol, have been used as power alcohol for running Fowler locomotives; motor lorries and tractors.

Successful attempts have also been made in this State of using Power alcohol with petrol for running pleasure cars. Bombay Government can, if they want, get the proportions of the mixture of Power alcohol with petrol making for the smooth running of these cars. It appears, Mysore experiments have proved that Power alcohol can be produced at only six annas per gallon, provided at least five lakhs of gallons were produced per year. The production cost of odourless Power alcohol with profits or taxes should not cost more than 10 annas per gallon and that certainly better anyday than paying 1-2-0 per gallon of petrol as is done.

FEDERATION IN COMMONS

LONDON, Nov. 1.

Mr. Thomas Williams asked Lord Stanley in the House of Commons what steps were being taken for producing a complete scheme to be placed before the Indian Princes showing how the Federal portion of the Government of India Act was to be brought into operation.

Lord Stanley answered that replies from the States were now received to the Viceroy's invitation to the Rulers to specify the limitations on the exercise of legislative and executive authority of Federation, to which they would wish their accession to Federation to be subject. The Princes' suggestions for adapting their individual requirements to the federation scheme were still being actively considered with a view to further the progress of negotiations with them.—Reuter.

TANGANYIKA ORDINANCE

NEW DELHI, Nov. 1.

The Government of India have called for a copy of the Native Produce Protection Ordinance promulgated in Tanganyika for the ostensible purpose of arranging better marketing for native produce.

So far no representation has been received from the Indians in Tanganyika as to how the ordinance affects their interests.—United Press.

KHER FOR SHOLAPUR

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister will leave Bombay on November 6 for Sholapur where he will halt till November 8 and return to Bombay on November 9. The arrival of the Prime Minister at Sholapur will be public but the departure will be private.

Zanzibar Cloves Boycott Tells

CONSIDERABLE FALL IN IMPORTS

Govt. And Colonial Office Watch Situation

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, November 1.

Latest advices from Zanzibar indicate, issues there has been narrowed down to Indians' demand for the removal of Mr. Bartlett, Secretary General of Clove Growers' Association.

It will be recalled Mr. Bartlett is alleged to have threatened Indian clove traders with serious consequences when years ago he could not successfuly compete with them in business.

BOTH THE GOVERNMENT OF ZANZIBAR AND COLONIAL OFFICE ARE WATCHING THE EFFECT OF THE BOYCOTT OF ZANZIBAR CLOVES STARTED IN INDIA.

IT APPEARS THE BOYCOTT IS TELLING AND IMPORTS HAVE FALLEN CONSIDERABLY.

TWO FACTORS HAVE CONTRIBUTED TO MAKE THE BOYCOTT NOT PERCEPTIBLE. FIRSTLY, THERE WERE HEAVY IMPORTS IN 1936 AND TRADERS SEEM TO DEPEND ON THE EXISTING SUPPLIES RATHER THAN ORDERING FOR MORE. SECONDLY, WHILE TALKS OF BOYCOTT HAVE BEEN GOING ON, IMPORTERS DREW LARGER SUPPLIES EARLIER. OPINION HERE APPEARS TO BE THAT THE BOYCOTT SUCCEEDS, IT WOULD HAVE ACHIEVED THE SAME PURPOSE AS PUTTING EMBARGO ON CLOVES.

THE SITUATION IS BEING CAREFULLY WATCHED.

India Govt.'s Bold Stand?

STRICT ORDERS TO CEYLON AGENT

Urgent Need Of Removal Of Disabilities Of Indian Labour

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, November 1.

Simla does not appear to like to publish the correspondence they are having with the Ceylon Government on the subject of grant of licences to India Labour Emigrants, their wages and the urgent need for annuiment of the Village Communities Ordinance, disenfranchising Indian Settlers.

It seems certain that they are taking a strong and firm attitude and would not permit their Agent to endorse recruitment licences, till the Ceylon Government are in a good mood to discuss the question of disabilities of Indian Labour.

Sardar And Bhulabhai For Bombay

CALCUTTA, Nov. 1.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai left for Bombay to-night.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

NO BAN ON GRAND MUFTI

DAMASCUS, November 1.

The report that the Grand Mufti has been ordered to leave Levant is categorically denied in official quarters. It is pointed out that Grand Mufti is at present at Lebanon and not at Syria. It is probable that the Government of Lebanon will permit him to stay on the coast.—Reuter.

JAPANESE ADMIT

LONDON, November 1.

A Japanese Embassy statement acknowledges the deaths of three British soldiers near Jessfield Park, Shanghai, were due to Japanese shells.—Reuter.

GERMAN DENIAL

BERLIN, November 1.

"It can be categorically stated that Germany has no military alliance with Italy" declared official quarters to-night in reply to a suggestion that there was an unwritten Italo-German understanding.—Reuter.

Triple Boycott For Palestine Partition

Intensive Campaign Among Indian Muslims To Begin In Dec.

(From Our Correspondent).

MEERUT, Nov. 1.

After three days' deliberations the Council of Action of the All-India Palestine Conference concluded last evening.

It resolved that as the British Government was determined hand-over to the Jews parts of the Holy land of Palestine immediate action be taken on the resolution passed at the last All-India Palestine Conference, Delhi, relating to the triple boycott of British Goods, Coronation Durbar and enlisting in the army in case of war. The Committee under the denomination of Majlis Tahafuz Palestine consisting 21 representatives from Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind, Majlis Ahrar, Council of Action of the Palestine Conference was formed give to lead to the country and draw up a detailed programme. The actual campaign begins by December 15, 1937, at the latest. Meantime the Committee is to organise Mussalmans, establishing local branches, and enlisting volunteers in whole country.

INTERPRETER NOT ALLOWED

Bengal Govt.'s Order When Gandhiji Sees Politicals

DARJEELING, Nov. 1.

It is understood that the Government of Bengal have refused permission to a prominent Bengal Congress leader to accompany Mahatma Gandhi as interpreter when Mahatma Gandhi visits the detenus and other political prisoners in Calcutta jails.

The Government, however, allowed a doctor to accompany Mahatma Gandhi on the understanding that the former would not be present at the interview between Mahatma Gandhi and the political prisoners

It is further understood that the Government have refused to grant permission to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose to visit the detenus in Hijli camp.—A. P.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Gentleman of high status to marry an accomplished and exceedingly good looking girl of 20 from a respectable Nair family. Give full details which will be kept strictly confidential to Box 9312, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—A Competent Graduate Lady Teacher, Parsi, knowing Commerce Subjects preferred. Apply Box No. 9307, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Qualified Lady as Professor of History to teach F.A., & B.A. classes. Apply to the Manager Kanya Maha Vidyalaya, Jullundur City, with testimonials and minimum pay acceptable. (9315)

Wanted a Hindu middle aged gentleman (Gujarati speaking preferred) to act as a day time Companion to a mentally depressed person. The applicant should be healthy sympathetic and cultured. Apply stating age, experience and remuneration required to Box No. 7161, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Organisers and Agents on Pay plus commission, T.A., Office Allowance. The Hindustani Bima Co., Ltd., Lahore. (9303)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Let—Most up-to-date large flats, suitable for big offices, also very tiptop shops at Cambata Building, Queen's Road, Back Bay Reclamation. Most unique situation. Apply Manager on premises. (9314)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Capable Agents on a monthly salary of Rs. 100 in all the principal towns of Bombay Presidency and Native States. Apply for particulars enclosing 1-1/2 anna postage stamps to:—Family Aiding Corporation, Ltd., Triplicane, Madras. (9316)

Wanted Agents and Stockists for sale of "Dutch Drops" Waaning Tilly Oil. Household remedy of two hundred years reputation. Cures Malaria, Influenza, Fever, Cold, Cough, Asthma. Liver, Kidney and Lung Diseases. Purely Dutch preparation. Apply the Eclipse Distributing Agency, Dahanu Road. (9222)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Wanted—long term loan 2-1/2 lacs —maximum interest 6 per cent. for Dhanwada Estate Court of Wards, Central Provinces 19 Malguzari villages. Land Revenue 10,000 per annum, gross income 40,000, sound security for those interested. Apply to the Deputy Commissioner, Hoshangabad. (7166)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Wanted Building Plot about 600 yards at Santa-Cruz. Nearer station preferred. Send lowest offer with plan of area and surroundings to Box No. 9318, "Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Dress-making, Darning, etc. of torn clothes undertaken at cheap rates by Mrs. D'Souza, first floor, 170, Modi Street, Fort. Will call over by request. (9320)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

RATE CIRCULARS.

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz. Supplement to Foreign Rate Circular No. 5 of 1937 has been issued. Particulars may be obtained from the

CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER,
Bombay, or Stations.

7175.

NOTICE.

BACK BAY RECLAMATION.

The revised layout plan of Blocks Nos. 1 and II of the Back Bay Reclamation area showing four additional plots Nos. 214 to 217 on the Marine Drive and five plots Nos. 75 to 79 North of the Lloyd Recreation Ground near Marine Lines Station, is available for sale at the price of annas two per copy in the office of the Collector of Bombay.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Collector of Bombay.
Collector's Office,
Old Custom House, Fort.
Bombay, 29th October 1937.
7171.

TENDER NOTICE

For the supply of material to:—
THE GWALIOR ENGINEERING WORKS, GWALIOR.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon TUESDAY, the 30th, of November, 1937, for the supply of miscellaneous and hardware materials, such as mild steel rounds, flats, Angles. High speed Tool steels, metal screws, files, belts, H. S. Blades, Bolts and nuts, Crucibles, oil paints and varnishes, Pig iron, cast iron scrap, Electrical accessories. cotton waste, cloths, Indian Timber, etc., etc.

A list of material required together with conditions of contract could be had on application to the Controller Gwalior Engineering Works, and the cost of a set of two copies of list is Rs. 3. Tenderers should quote for the items they deal in.

Earnest money viz. Rs. 500 should be sent separately addressed to The Controller Gwalior Engineering Works, and not be placed in the cover containing the Tender.

The undersigned reserves the right to accept any tender without assigning reasons.

CONTROLLER,
Gwalior Engineering Works,
Gwalior.

7169.

Public Notices

POLICE NOTICE.

DIVALI ILLUMINATIONS.
TRAFFIC REGULATIONS.
2nd, 3rd and 4th November, 1937.
(Section 23(1) of Act IV of 1902).

NORTH BOUND VEHICULAR TRAFFIC will proceed via Cruickshank Road, Kalbadevi Road, Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road, and beyond the J. J. Hospital.

SOUTH BOUND VEHICULAR TRAFFIC will proceed from the J. J. Hospital via Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road, Kolsa Street, Nakhoda Street, Mumbadevi Road, Kalbadevi Road as far as the corner of Shaik Memon Street, down Shaik Memon Street to Carnac Road and Hornby Road.

Vehicles moving North will proceed via Kalbadevi Road and will not be allowed to turn into Shaik Memon Street.

Vehicles will not be allowed to turn round or reverse on any of the roads mentioned above.

Vehicular traffic may break away from the route by turning into any side Street, except Bhuleshwar Road, on the left hand side of the route laid down above.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 25th October, 1937.
(7154)

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co., of complete Household furniture, H. M. V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington typewriter, Godrej Safe, Sympathetic Piano, Zunda Cabinet, Chesterfield sets, etc.

SPECIAL MORNING SHOWS OF
TELEGU TALKIE
WED. 3RD & THURS. 4TH

NARA NARAYANA

RAMTILAKAM & SRI RANJINI
AT 10 A.M. AT
THE CROWN
GOLPITHA JUNCTION
AND AT 11 A.M. AT
SARASWATI
DELISLE ROAD.

REMEMBER the 3rd and 4th NOVEMBER

For the LOVERS of TELUGU Pictures

SATI SAKKUBAI
(in TELUGU)
AT 10-30 A. M. MORNING
ALEXANDRA Talkies
BELLASIS ROAD.

WITH YOUR FAMILY ENJOY TO-DAY

A Masterpiece Mythological Picture

"Bhakta Damaji"

Starring:—
NATVARYA PRADHAN
MARUTI; Miss KRISHNA: Miss GANGOO, Etc.

Director:—
DADA ATHAVLE.

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MAJESTIC
CINEMA
GIRGAUM.

Time:—2-30, 5, 6 & 10-30.

TO-DAY MORNING SHOW AT 10
"PHANTOM EMPIRE"
Serial at Concession Rate

NEW EMPIRE

A HUGE SUCCESS!

GRAND GALA DIVALI DOUBLE ATTRACTION!

DAILY THREE SHOWS 4, 6-30 and 10 P. M.

FIRST EXTRAVAGANZA IN TECHNICOLOR

You'll be thrilled by this NEW sort of comedy-romance, spangled with stars and crowded with laughs.

Songs: Red Hot Heat, That Old Feeling, Lovely One

WARNER BAXTER — JOAN BENNETT

"Walter Wanger's Vogues of 1938" IN TECHNICOLOR

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Helen VINSON · Mischa AUER · Alan MOWBRAY · Jerome COWAN
The Famous WALTER WANGER MODELS "The Most Photographed Girls in the World"
Released thru UNITED ARTISTS

AND IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FILM—
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN INDIA!
MADAME POMPADOUR
will present
BOMBAY'S MOST BEAUTIFUL MANNEQUINS IN A SPECTACULAR STAGE PRODUCTION WEARING HOLLYWOOD'S MOST GLAMOROUS GOWNS!

PLEASE NOTE THE FASHION PARADE
WILL BE HELD ONLY TO-MORROW.
WEDNESDAY, 3rd NOVEMBER with the 10 P. M. SHOW

Plans Open. 'Phone 20286.

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Director:—
KARDAR'S

SUPER HIT of the Season.....
SURPASSES all his previous achievements.....

Touching story of a King who tried to defy Almighty for his own whims:—:depicting the Glory that was IND.

Mandir

Starring:—
RAJKUMARI
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(Sweetest Singer of Bengal)
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*AKHTAR NAVAZ

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IMPERIAL CINEMA

Time--Daily:—5-15, 8, 10-30.
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Lily Pearl Barley

Made of
FRESH & FULL GROWN GRAINS

Recommended by
PHYSICIANS and USED IN EMINENT HOSPITALS

The Lily Biscuit Co., Calcutta.
Bombay Depot: MANGALDAS MARKET.

ALLAHABAD 'VARSITY TROUBLE

Vice-Chancellor Asked To Withdraw Resignation

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30.

A meeting of the Executive Council of the Allahabad University was held on the evening of October 29, to consider the Vice-Chancellor's letter of resignation which was tendered in view of "sad turn events have taken in the Allahabad university in connection with my invitation to Lord Lothian to deliver an address at the university on the occasion of its forthcoming jubilee celebrations."

It appears that there has been considerable agitation among students against Lord Lothian being invited to deliver an address at the university.

The Executive Council after due deliberation has adopted the following resolution:—

"The Executive Council having given long and careful consideration to the letter of the Vice-Chancellor, earnestly requests him to withdraw his resignation as his continuance in office is in the best interest of the university."

NOT MEET & PROPER

The attention of the Executive Council was drawn to the proceedings of a meeting of the university union held on October 22 and the resolution passed by the Union regarding the hoisting of the flag on the university buildings.

It was unanimously resolved that as the form of the national flag has not yet been discussed and decided upon by the Government and the legislature, it is not meet and proper for an academic body like the university to associate itself with a flag hoisting ceremony.

FLAG AGITATION

The students of the Allahabad University took out a demonstration terminating in a meeting held last evening to protest and condemn the attitude taken by the Executive Council of the Allahabad University on the question of the national flag. They expressed their determination to continue their efforts until their demand for unfurling the national flag on University buildings is cancelled. —A. P.

ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

DHARWAR, Oct. 31.

The provisional electoral rolls of the Central Legislative Assembly for the Dharwar District have been published. Copies have been kept at the collector's office and taluka and municipal offices.

Mr. V. S. Bhide, the Collector, has issued a notice calling for applications for additions to the lists from qualified persons with proofs of qualifications before November 15.—A. P.

CHINA WAR RELIEF FUND

BANGALORE, Oct. 31.

Following the lead of the Mayor of Bombay and Sir H. P. Mody, Raja Jai Prithvi Bahadur Singh of Bajang, now residing here, is inaugurating a China War Relief Fund in Bangalore.

He has also sent appeals to all the City Municipalities in Southern India for opening similar funds.

STADIUM FOR PORBUNDER.

RAJKOT, Oct. 31.

The Maharaja of Porbunder is building a stadium in his capital. The foundation stone will be laid by Lord Tennyson on November 27.—A. P.

YOU DARE NOT MISS THIS PICTURE

IF DIWALI MEANS
SOMETHING TO YOU!

It has pathos that draws Tears of joy from your eyes.

It has romance that makes you think and smile sadly.

It has entertainment that sweeps you off your feet.

AND IT HAS
Sabita Devi
The darling of a million youthful dreams

'Kokila'

A "SAGAR" SUCCESS—

*MOTILAL
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*MAYA
*SIDDIQUI
*SANKATHA
*PESSI PATEL

Written By:
RAMANLAL VASANTLAL
Directed by:
BADAMI

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Daily 5-15, 8, 10-30
Matinee at 2-30 on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays.

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Asquith & Lord Limited

Lord 1870

OPPOSITE CLOCK TOWER
BOMBAY

WHY NOT PREVENT THAT "MORNING AFTER" FEELING?

Trying to drug away a "morning after" feeling is like slamming the stable door after the horse has bolted. Also, it is likely to be as damaging to the system as a very vicious slam would be to the stable door.

The more sensible idea is to prevent the "morning after" feeling by taking a glassful of bubbling Andrews Liver Salt before going to bed and another first thing in the morning. In this way the cause of the upset is removed normally, which is far preferable to countering the effect with drastic drugs.

Why Andrews Liver Salt should be so effective will be readily understood. It corrects the acidity in the stomach created by even the slightest excess. The carbon dioxide it forms settles the stomach and soothes the bowel linings. Its action on the liver is to promote the free functioning of this most important organ in the digestive system. In the intestines Andrews, working by the natural law known as *osmosis*, induces a temporary increase in the water content, followed by the free, gentle elimination of body waste and the poisons that accumulate as the result of excesses. All tendency towards heaviness and headache is removed, and what would have been a "morning after" feeling is banished. Andrews Liver Salt, the largest selling effervescing salt in the world, is available from all Chemists and Stores.

Nov. 11 To Be Observed As China Day

F. Ward Dist. Congress Committee's Decision

(From A Correspondent)

November 11th, the Armistice Day, has been observed as an Anti-War Day in India during the past few years. On that day meetings are held in all parts of the country to demonstrate and give clear expression to our national opposition to Imperialist War. On that day also resolutions are passed reiterating people's determination not to support any war in which the British Government may be involved. On this occasion the opinion that the crisis arising out of such a war should be utilised by India in gaining her own independence. The Armistice Day, in India assumes the proportions of an anti-war and anti-imperialist demonstration and rally.

To-day we find that Japan has launched on a barbarous aggression against ancient China. The method adopted is as ruthless and shuddering as any used by Mussolini in Abyssinia or Franco in Spain. This imperialist onslaught of Japanese militarism has roused the conscience of the civilised world. We in India have peculiar ties of warmest friendship with the people of China, i.e. cultural and spiritual. We as a nation have denounced the aggression of Yellow Imperialism in no uncertain terms.

This year's Armistice Day (Anti-War Day) has a special appeal and significance. The outbreak of a world war is clearer in the horizon to-day than at any time before. There is every danger that Indian troops will be used in theatres of imperialist war. The dispatch of Indian troops to China despite India's united voice of protest and condemnation, makes that danger real. Human decency demands that we should resist use of our men as cannon-fodder in imperialist adventures and rally round the slogan of anti-imperialism.

The Council of management of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee, Parel, Bombay, which met on Sunday night considered this question. Various points of view were expressed as to the best means of demonstrating India's solidarity with the Chinese people in their heroic resistance to wanton Japanese aggression. The Committee welcomed the decision of the All-India Congress Committee at Calcutta declaring for national boycott of Japanese goods by the people of India as a practical demonstration of India's solidarity with the Chinese people in their heroic resistance to aggressive Imperialism and as an expression of our national sympathy with them in their present plight. The Council of Management of the "F" Ward Congress Committee further appealed to the people to enforce that resolution by immediately launching on a vigorous campaign of boycott of Japanese goods.

The Council decided to observe November 11th as China Day on which the resolution of the A.I.C.C. on Japanese goods boycott and the anti-war resolution of the Congress should be passed at public meetings. The Council also decided that funds may be collected on that day as a token of our practical sympathy with the struggling people of China. Funds so collected should be forwarded to the Foreign Department of the A.I.C.C. to make such use of them as that Department thought best in the interest of the Chinese people.

The "F" Ward District Congress Committee hoped that its call would receive the co-operation of other anti-imperialist and labour organisations in the City in making the observance of the day a great success. It is to be hoped that this decision will be endorsed by other Congress and anti-imperialist organization in all parts of the country and that the Anti-War Day will be made a demonstrable success on a nation-wide scale

The "F" Ward Congress Committee has decided to hold public meetings all over the Ward in furtherance of its decision and earnestly calls upon the people to co-operate with it in this patriotic task.

JEEVAN PRABHAT
The Day Dawns Every Morning
Divali Comes But Once A Year
But Only Once In A Life-time You See A Picture Like This
IDEAL DIVALI ENTERTAINMENT
Here is a picture that is a perfect blend of romance, drama, melody and rhythm. It has a great star and it has the finest technique and, above all, it tells a beautiful story.
DEVIKA RANI
A Bombay Talkies Production
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Jeevan Prabhat
THEY WILL COME FROM THE SKY!
Divali gifts for everybody from the Bombay Talkies, on New Year Day, 4th November, (Thursday)
.... Bombay's Best DIVALI attraction ....
From To-day
AT
MINERVA Talkies
Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p. m. Matinee to-day, to-morrow and on Thursday at 2-45 p. m.
Distributors for Bombay Presidency, C. P., C. I. and South India:—
Messrs. RAMNIKLAL MOHANLAL

YARN EXCHANGE IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Nov. 1.

By the opening of the Bombay Yarn Exchange to-day another step forward in the cotton trade of the City has been taken. The newly formed association was opened by Mr. Haridas Mathuradas.

Speaking at the opening ceremony Mr. Sakarchandji Sha gave a brief history of the yarn trade in India, and said that the exchange would satisfy a longfelt necessity for a well-organized institution which could be expected to protect the best interests of producers, distributors and consumers.

Mr. Sha offered his thanks to Mr. Haridas Mathurdas, Mr. Tulsidas Tulachand, Mr. Ramdev Podar, Mr. Gordhandas Purushottamdas Sonawalla and Mr. Maganlal Prabhudas, who accepted the posts of directors in spite of their heavy engagements elsewhere, and who have helped in the formation of the institution.

Mr. Haridas, in the course of his speech, said that the exchange was unique of its kind, and added that in its stage of infancy, it was liable to be imperfect inasmuch as all human knowledge is limited. However, with the active co-operation of the four directors, members, and the trading public, the institution would be a model of its kind and would solve the greatest need of the day.

Advising caution, he stated that the policy of the Exchange would be to move forward slowly but steadily.

Trading commenced at Rs. 175 per bale of 400 lbs for 20-1/2 F. yarn. During the first hour about 3000 bales changed hands. Spinners were sellers at 2-40 p.m. when the quotation was Rs. 167.—A.P.

BADGES FOR CUSTOMS DALALS

The Collector of Customs has approved of the badges to be issued to Dalals and their agents in order to prevent unauthorised persons from dealing with the Customs Department.

Results Of Engineering Examinations

Following are the successful candidates of the B. E. (Civil) Examination under new rules:—

SECOND CLASS.

L. N. Chavan, F. S. Gai, R. D. Gupte, A. Kureshy, K. C. Master, N. M. Parelker, Y. G. Rane, S. S. Dhewan, I. M. Malik, M. A. Mehta, S. M. Ramgaria,.

PASS.

V. L. Ghangurde, V. E. Kulkarni, R. P. Mhatre, M. S. Nerurkar, H. C. Vessuna, N. H. Bhagwanani, J. M. Bhatia, T. H. Jhala, P. B. P. Mana, B. S. Merchant, R. S. Oka, G. N. Siddiki, K. M. Solanki.

Following is the successful candidate of the B. E. (Civil) Examination under old rules:—

PASS.

P. D. Budhbhatti.

Following are the successful candidates of the B. E. (Mechanical) Examination:—

SECOND CLASS.

P. M. Patel, F. S. A. Shaikh.

PASS.

S. G. Parange, D. G. Shah, S. A. Shah, J. P. Ghadiali.

Following are the successful candidates of the B. E. (Electrical) Examination:—

FIRST CLASS.

J. P. Munsiff, N. J. Dastur.

SECOND CLASS.

A. N. Naik, C. M. Patel, S. D. Bana, J. L. P. Mascarenhas, P. V. Mhetras, S. K. Mudle, S. R. Bhise, I. I. Khatri, M. W. Lalchandani, C. R. Sonalkar.

PASS.

M. C. Desai, D. D. Deshpande, P. V. D'Souza, K. L. Hingorani, A. G. Shah, B. C. Thadhani.

BRACEGIRDIE FOR ENGLAND

Mr. Bracegirdie, the order for whose deportation was held illegal by the Supreme Court sometime ago, left for England yesterday, as Ceylon's representative for the Depressed Peoples' conference, to be held in London.

The second Maharashtra and Karnatak Medical Conference has concluded in Kolhapur. Several films dealing with medical topics were also shown.

Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

D. T. A. Ellis

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute.

If your Chemist cannot supply you, write Muller Maclean, Bombay.

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GIVES INSTANT RELIEF FROM INSECT BITES

Just dab the affected part with undiluted Scrubbs. Pain and irritation disappear instantly — because Scrubbs neutralises the poison and cools the inflamed tissue. Scrubbs acts as an astringent, purifies the wound and keeps out infection.

PRICKLY HEAT and PERSPIRATION.

Use Scrubbs in your bathing water every day—you'll be astonished at the wonderful feeling of freshness and invigoration that ensues. It will relieve prickly heat and remove all odour of perspiration, thus ensuring that personal fragrance so essential to your well-being.

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Ask your dealer to show you a 7 o'clock Set. It includes a 7 o'clock razor and two 7 o'clock blades, which offer all the advantages of slotted blades at an amazingly low cost.

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OLD or NEW—Cured Guaranteedly. Medicine charges on cure. Correspondence not invited—visit personally. Time:—9 to 12 a.m. & 6 p.m. to 9 p.m. SUNDAY: 9 a.m. to 12 a.m only

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Opp. Central Bank, Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Second Lieut. A. Bond, who was injured in a motor crash on Saturday night and subsequently arrested, was ordered to be released on bail for a week by the Third Presidency Magistrate, this morning.

A jilted lover who took revenge on his erstwhile love by biting off the tip of her nose was severely dealt with by the Presidency Magistrate. Third Court. this morning

It was stated that Peter Francis, the accused. was the lover of Shantibai, an ayah employed in a house at Apollo Bunder. On the night of October 7, she found him in her room She had told him nearly a month before that she no longer wanted him. As soon as she came in, the accused charged her with being on intimate terms with another man and solicited her company, which she refused. The man became angry and bit her nose and ran away.

The Ayah raised an alarm whereupon the accused was chased and arrested. He pleaded guilty to the charge. Accepting his plea the Magistrate sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 30.

A "pardeshi" is said to have cleverly exploited the credulity of a countryman of his working in the Docks, to the extent of depriving him of a sum of Rs. 1,200 during the week-end.

The Byculla Police arrested one Madhusudan Sing Ramyatan Sing on charges of theft and abetment.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 1,200 (cash Rs. 250) till the 8th instant by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, at Mazagaon Police Court to-day.

Anti-Gambling Raids

Sub-Inspector Ismail Ali of Byculla Police Station raided on Saturday night the Surji Vallabhdas Chawl, ground floor Shop No 7 and 8, Love Lane, and B.I.T. Chawl No. 1 ground floor Room Nos. 14 and 21, Love Lane Simultaneously he carried out a search on the second floor of the same chawl Room Nos. 113 and 118.

Cash of about Rs. 100 including marked coins and nearly 500 alleged sutta chits were found in the rooms. In room Nos 14 and 21 only cash was found.

Thrice the Anti-Gambling Squad had raided these places and the cases are pending. All these places belong to Pandia Cyclewalla, who has been arrested.

All the accused persons were put up before the Magistrate this morning at the Girgaum Police Court. The Magistrate remanded them on bail.

Fresh Evidence Changes Jury's Verdict

It is seldom that the same jury hold diametrically opposite verdict and that, too, unanimously, in one and the same case, but this unusual thing happened to-day in a case in the Coroner's Court.

A young married woman died as a result of extensive burns, and on the evidence before them, the Coroner's Jury unanimously agreed that it was a case of suicide

Five minutes later, the same jury were unanimously of the opinion that it was a case of accident, but to the credit of the members of the jury, it must be said that it was not their fault They could not come to any other conclusion on the evidence before them.

Jayantilal Manibhai, a clerk in the B.B. and C.I. Railway, related before the Coroner that as a result of his wife's 'sari catching fire, she received extensive burns all over the body. She was removed to the J.J. Hospital, where she died within a few hours of her admission. Tears were seen trickling down witness's cheeks as he gave evidence.

The deceased's uncle, in his evidence stated that he received news that something was wrong in the room of the deceased. He ran up-stairs, broke open the door and put out the fire. the Coroner, addressing the jury, said "Do you think this to be a case of suicide or accident?" "Suicide" was the unanimous verdict and the case was closed.

Deceased's Statement

Five minutes later, Sergeant Frank Wright complained to the Court that the whole evidence had not been recorded in the case. He thought that, in the circumstances, the verdict was not correct.

Sergeant Wright then entered the witness box and produced the statement of the deceased. The deceased had said that her sari caught fire while preparing food and she raised an alarm.

Coroner:—Why was it not read at the time of the inquest?

Witness:—I asked the interpreter whether my evidence was wanted and he said it was not wanted

Coroner:—It is an important piece of evidence you ought to have told me at once.

Witness:—It is not my fault. I have already told the interpreter.

One of the members of the jury told the Court that such an important piece of evidence should not have been withheld from them it was not fair.

In view of the fresh evidence the jury changed the verdict from one of "suicide" to "accident."

Nurse Murder Case

Inspector Bhatkal of the Bombay C. I. D. straightaway made an application to-day before the City Coroner for an adjournment of Sister Scott's inquest without assigning any reasons and the Coroner adjourned it to November 17.

Newspapers reporters who were expecting some sensational copy out of to-day's proceedings were hopelessly disappointed.

To-day is the 29th day since the murder and except that two persons,--a menial of the Police Hospital and a middle-aged person from Sultanpur,—have been arrested on suspicion. The Police do not seem to have made any headway in their investigations.

UNEMPLOYMENT AMONG EDUCATED YOUTHS

Mr. Jhabvala's Resolution For Assembly

With a view to compelling all Government and Semi-Government departments, Municipalities, etc., to afford opportunities to unemployed youths for employment and to keep a proper record of them, Mr. S. H. Jhabvala has given notice of the following resolutions to be tabled for the forthcoming session of the Legislative Assembly to be held in Bombay:

1. This Assembly recommends to Government to issue instructions to all departments of Government, Semi-Government bodies, Municipal Corporations and Municipalities to insert in all contracts and agreements for the supply of stores, materials, machinery or services a clause to the effect that the suppliers concerned shall afford every facility to Indian apprentices for practical training in factories, workshops or offices owned, managed or controlled and patronised by non-Indian suppliers, so as to enable the Indian apprentices to acquire a full knowledge of the technique and work of their trade, industry, calling and profession.

2. This Assembly recommends to Government that they should establish employment bureaus in the province whose functions should be to keep registers of unemployed persons and to find out suitable employment for them.

CROWN MILL STRIKERS' DEPUTATION WAITS ON MUNSHI

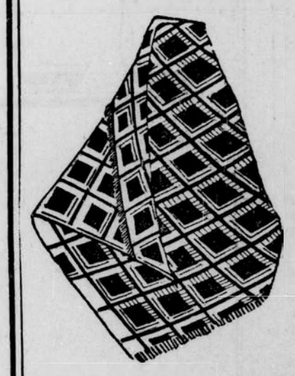
A deputation led by Mr. R. S. Nimbkar of the Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag), waited on Mr. K. M. Munshi in connection with the Crown Mill strike.

The deputationists wanted as conditions of settlement of the strike that blacklegs should be removed and that there should be no victimisation.

Mr. Munshi heard the deputation and then informed them that the question should be taken up before Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda.

A Golden Opportunity for a Few Days

Divali Concession



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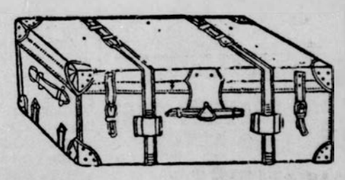

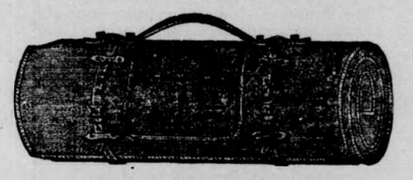

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has been incorporated under patronage of many premier Ruling Princes, Chiefs and Nobles of various Indian States of Central India. Rajputana and Kathiawar.

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It is going to have an up-to-date Studio of its own at Allahabad.

The management of the company will be in the hands of Sardar Narmada Prasad Singhji.

Share prospectus will shortly be issued.

25 p.c. dividends can easily be expected.

The Managing Agents will draw no salary if dividends less than 6 p.c.

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Technicians and Artists, Directors, Applicants should state their qualifications and previous experience of the Film Industry and name the pictures they have worked for.

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CENTRAL

TALKIES Charni Rd.

Transformed in the true

DIVALI SPIRIT

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47th WEEK!

PAGNIS, GOURI,

the screen pair without compare

Directed by S. FATEHLAL, and V. DAMLE,

Holiday Matinee at 2-30 p. m. To-day, To-morrow and Day-after

Special Morning Shows
FOR DIVALI!

TO-DAY NOV. 2:
All Mickey Mouse Programme

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"OUR RELATIONS"
with
LAUREL & HARDY

THURS. NOV 4:
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with EL BRENDEL

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Plans open.
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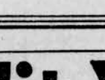
Indigestion

For years she used to be hungry but feared to eat. Here she tells the easy, pleasant way in which she obtained welcome relief

"Your Digestif Rennie Pastilles are the best thing I have ever tried for indigestion. I have had gastric trouble so many times and never really got rid of it, but since taking these Rennie Pastilles I am free, and can eat now what I have been unable to do for years. I used to feel as if I had a rope tied round me tight. I felt very hungry, but was unable to eat for fear of the after-effects, but now I can enjoy anything if I take two Digestif Rennie Pastilles after meals. I shall never be without them."—Mrs. A.M.

Digestif Rennie Pastilles go to the root cause of Indigestion. They contain antacids which neutralise excess acid—a common cause of digestive disorders. When excess acid has been neutralised, indigestion *simply cannot start*. And Digestif Rennie is more than an antacid. It also contains absorbents to free you of stomach gas, and ferments which *actively help to digest food*.



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SONGS, DANCES, COMEDY

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PETER SERGEI
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NON-STOP, LONDON
Musical Success—
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30 Artistes! Chorus of 12!
PRICES
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Germs Hit Your Kidneys as

Germs get into the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary System, and because of the intense irritation produced are the true and underlying cause of much pain, rundown health, and dangerous symptoms, such as: Getting up Nights, Leg Pains, Nervousness, Dizziness, frequent Colds and Headaches, Rheumatic Pains, Swollen Ankles, Dark Circles under Eyes, Backaches, Loss of Appetite and Vitality, and Burning, Smarting, Itching passages.

Germs develop in the body during Colds or because of Bad Teeth or Tonsils or from diseases and fevers such as Typhoid and other bacterial diseases. Ordinary medicines can't help much because they do not kill the germs that are the cause of your trouble.

Kill Germs Doctor's Way

Fortunately for sufferers most chemists now have supplies of a new twin-tablet treatment called Cystex that is a doctor's prescription. Cystex acts in three ways to remove the cause of your trouble and thus restore vigourous health: 1. It kills the germs responsible for most Kidney and Bladder Disorders. 2. It soothes and heals inflamed membranes and stops pain. 3. It helps Kidneys act naturally to remove excess Uric Acid and other Poisons from the blood.

48-Hour Results

Cystex is scientifically prepared in accordance with the purity standards of the British and U.S.A. Pharmacopoeia to act as a urinary antiseptic or germ destroyer and as a gentle stimulating diuretic to the Kidneys. For this reason there is no long waiting for results. More than 5 million men and women in all parts of the world have used Cystex with the greatest of success and are high in their praises of this wonderful two-way treatment. For instance, Mrs. L. H. recently wrote: "I had been sick for seven years. Terrible pains in my back night and day. I had to get up six times every night and then I would have to force and force to urinate. I was so bad three weeks ago that I just couldn't stand the pain and burning any longer. My husband got Cystex for me. I got relief from the first two doses. The pain is all gone now and I have no irritation and sleep sound all night. Now I enjoy life again and can sit in a cinema with no worry of getting up and going home before the show is over."

8-Day Guaranteed Test

You do not need to risk any money in putting Cystex to the test. Simply get Cystex from your chemist under this written guarantee. It must stop your pain, make you feel younger and stronger and full of life and vitality and satisfy in every way, or you simply return the empty package and your money is refunded in full. You are the sole judge as to your satisfaction. Within 48 hours you will begin to notice a tremendous improvement, but under the guarantee we want you to take the full 8-day supply and see for yourself the amazing things that this new twin-tablet treatment can do for you. Get Cystex from your chemist today. The guarantee protects you.

If your Chemist cannot supply you, write Muller Maclean, Bombay.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Ashwin Vad 14, 1993
Muslim: Shaban 28, 1356
Parsi: Ardibehest 28, 1307
Hightide: 11-12, —
Lowtide: 5-20, 17-18
Sunrise: 6-59
Sunset: 6h. 6m.

Bombay Natural History Society: Meeting of Members and their friends at the Prince of Wales Museum at 6-15 p.m. on Wednesday, November 10.

ROHIDAS MITRA MANDAL, PAREL
Under the auspices of the above Mandal, the Dipawali Utsao will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 10 p.m. (S. T.) including Harijan Gayan Shala and other programmes of entertainment.

3 ARTS CIRCLE
3 Arts Circle will hold a Reception in honour of His Excellency Sr. Tucci (President of the Oriental Academy of Rome) will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 4-30 p.m. at Y. W. C. A. Mayo Road.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION, MATUNGA
The Finals of the Musical Competition organised by the above Association will be held at 3 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Tuesday) in the Asthika Samaj Hall, Matunga.

ENGLISH MAILS
The outward P and O mail steamer 'Narkunda' with the mails from London of 21st ultimo arrived at Aden at 10 a.m. on the 31st idem and left there at 1 p.m. the same day.
In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 9 p.m. on Thursday the 4th instant.
The 'Narkunda' will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at 8 a.m. on the following day.

MOULVI MEHEFUZAL HAQ ILMI OF DELHI IN BOMBAY
Moulvi Mehefuzal Haq Ilmi, editor of "The Baha'i Magazine" Delhi and a well-known Baha'i at All-India Religious Conferences, is now in Bombay. He would be glad to meet those interested in the Baha'i Programme of world reconstruction at the Baha'i Hall, Bori Bunder, daily from 10 to 12 and 3 to 5 (Sundays from 9 to 12 only).

INDIAN SPIRITUALIST SOCIETY
Miss Lilian Corri the Greater World Christian Spiritualist League missioner to India will reach Bombay on 3rd November by ss 'Tuscania.' She holds the Greater World Diploma and is the President of East Dulwich and Camberwell Psychic Centre, London. Public meetings demonstrating Clairvoyance and Psychometry and Trance Address will be arranged during her stay in Bombay under the auspices of the Indian Spiritualist Society.

KSHATRIYA MARATHA HOUSING SOCIETY, DAHISAR
Under the auspices of the Kshatriya Maratha Housing Society of Dahisar, the sixth annual Diwali Sammelan will be held on Wednesday, 3rd November at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Dhuru Hall, Dadar, Bombay under the presidency of Mr. N. M. Kamte, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.
At the same time Mrs. Kamlabai Kamte will declare open the R. P. Bagwe Charitable Maternity Ward donated to the above Society by Dr. V. R. Bagwe and Dr. Mrs. S. V. Bagwe, for the benefit of the Maratha Samaj.
All the Maratha brothers and sisters are cordially invited to attend the function.

THE GIRGAUM VYAYAM SHALA
The Girgaum Vyayam Shala will be shifted to the ground floor, Congress Office premises from November 1, and the opening ceremony will take place at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, the 3rd November 1937.
The Girgaum Vyayam Shala is equipped with all kind of physical culture apparatus and will now be in a place most suitable for a gymnasium. Profs. A. K. Redkar, M. K. Kelkar, D. S. Koperdekar, Ahmad Balabhai and other well-known physical culturists, will conduct the classes.
The Managing Committee appeals to all to join the Girgaum Vyayam Shala and also induce relatives and friends to join it immediately and take the full advantage of the Shala as well as of the winter season for the proper and scientific development of physique.
The Girgaum Vyayam Shala has been working for the last 11 years purely on support from philanthropic persons. The Vyayam Shala is at present in great need of financial help and therefore will welcome any big or small contribution.

CHANGE IN AIR MAIL DATES
The winter time table of Imperial Airways is undergoing the following changes:
From the 5th of November next eastbound services now due Karachi on Thursdays will arrive on Friday evenings and leave for Jodhpur on Saturdays at 0400 hours. To Calcutta and thereafter timings will be twenty-four hours later than at present.
Commencing from the ninth of November eastbound services now due to arrive at Karachi on Mondays will arrive on Tuesdays and will operate twenty-four hours later than at present.
Commencing from the 2nd of November westbound services will leave Calcutta on Tuesday morning and Karachi on Wednesdays at 0600 local standard time.
There will be no other change for the present, but it is probable that both the westbound service may be retarded by one day throughout commencing from fifteenth November from Singapore. This will be confirmed in due course.
Tata and I. N. A. services will maintain connection at Karachi with the new timings of Imperial Airways services.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Captain January" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The London Revue Co" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Toofani Tarzan" Daily at 2-15, 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Take My Tip" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Mandir" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA "The Unexpected" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Toofani Tarzan" Daily at 2-15, 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Khan Bahadur" Time as usual
MAJESTIC—"Bhakta Damaji" Daily at 2-30, 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Vogues of 1938" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Premveer" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
PALACE—"Seventh Heaven" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Slave Ship" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
At the Regal "All Mickey Mouse programme" at 10-30 a.m.
ROXY—"Kokila" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICES
Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Singapore and Japan per s.s. 'Toyama Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. today (Tuesday) and 2-30 p.m. on Wednesday, the 3rd instant respectively.
Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Jedda (Hedjaz) per s.s. 'Alavi' via Karachi will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. today (Tuesday) and 5 p.m. on Wednesday the 3rd instant respectively.

ROUND THE WORLD ON WHEELS

Mr. K. C. Banerjee In Bombay

Mr. K. C. Banerjee, who set out on a tour on a cycle round the world in 1933 from Assam, returned to Bombay only a few days back after travelling in Iran, Iraq, Syria, Libanon, Turkey, Greece, Bulgaria, Jogoslavia, Italy, Switzerland, France, Germany, Belgium and England. He had already, previous to this journey to Europe, travelled all the far-eastern countries and U. S. A. On the completion of his Far Eastern tour he published a book entitled "My travels in the East." Now in Bombay, he is engaged in writing another book on his travels in Europe entitled "My Impressions of the West." During his travels in Eastern countries, he had to face many troubles and dangers. Once on his way to Kalgan from Peking, he was kidnapped by the Chinese communists who wrongly suspected him as a foreign spy. This time in his tour cordial hospitality of the people greeted him everywhere. Mr. Banerjee is put up here in the Noble House in Parel.

VEHICLES FEDERATION FOR CITY

Formed At Joint Meeting Of Taxi And Victoria Drivers

BOMBAY, Monday.
A Vehicles Federation was formed at a crowded meeting of Taxi Drivers and Victoria Drivers of Bombay, yesterday at Jinnah Hall, under the presidency of Mr. Sohanlal Tuma.
A resolution declaring emphatic opinion that the time for resorting to direct action both by the Victoria drivers and Taxi drivers has now come and that the Police Commissioner should be given final notice that if he fails to exterminate the Private cars from Bombay within 15 days was passed.
This meeting requested the Commissioner of Police that the following should be recognised as the right of the Bombay Taxi Drivers' Union and the Victoria Drivers' Union, viz. to demand Stands for their own Taxis and Gharries wherever there may be a Bus stand; and in accordance therewith, demands herewith that there should be two stands—one for the Taxis and the other for the Victorias—throughout the City where there are Bus stands.

Minister Invites Federation Men

The Home Minister of Bombay had sent invitation to Com. Jhabvala to see him at the Secretariat on Monday at 3 p.m. when the following representatives of the Vehicles' Federation discussed matters with him:—
Messrs. S. H. Jhabvala, Liakat Husein Sohanlal Tuma, Mahomed Yusufkhan, Suleman Ustad and Khalid.

Strikers Demonstrate At Hindmata Cinema

The strike of building workers engaged on the Star Cinema building at Dockyard Road still continues. The workers took out a procession on Sunday evening and demonstrated at Hind Mata Cinema (Dadar) which is also owned by the same lady and adjacent to which is her residence. Later a meeting was held at Naigaum maidan. Messrs. Moray, Nikam, Vichare and Pangerkar addressed the workers. A meeting was held on Monday evening also. The strike still continues.

SICKNESS INSURANCE FOR SEAMEN
An extraordinary general meeting of the National Seamen's Union of India, Bombay, was held at Akbar Press Building, Carnac Bridge on 31st October at 9-30 a.m. Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavale presided. Messrs. Mirza A. H., Mahomed Ebrahim Serang spoke and the scheme contemplated by Government; for Sickness Insurance among Seamen was supported.

IF IT'S

SHOP AT
1 MANGALDAS ROAD,
2 BHULESHWAR ROAD,
3 PRARTHNA SAMAJ.
J. J. & SONS.
(1) MANGALDAS ROAD, Lane opp. Goculdas Hospital.
(2) BHULESHWAR RD., Kumbhar Tukda.
(3) SANDHURST RD., Prarthna Samaj Junc.

Tired?
-not at all!

I'm taking Sanatogen

"I have found Sanatogen really marvellous. Under the trying conditions one has to live in this country Sanatogen is a boon to those who are run down."
writes Mr F.D B.H., Motihari, Br. India.

Weakness, listlessness and fatigue will soon disappear after a short course of Sanatogen. Thousands and thousands of grateful Sanatogen users in the tropics know from experience the wonderful and strength giving qualities of this famous food tonic. And they, therefore, take Sanatogen regularly for a few weeks two or three times a year.

"A building-up process goes on in the nerves after the use of Sanatogen."
wrote Prof. Mann, of Oxford University.

Buy a bottle of Sanatogen at once and you will soon enjoy new health and energy.

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The True Tonic Food.
Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.
NOT TOUCHED BY HAND.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 858 kc/s.

a.m.
11-0 "Sweet Sahnai". B. M. Devlankar of Poona. 11-45 Marathi Garbas. By the Maharashtriya Garba Party. Accompaniment by the VUB Indian Orchestra.

p.m.
12-15 Talk (Hindustani): "Festival of Lights". By Pandit Ramnath Shastry. 12-30 Hindustani Duets: "Prem ki sab hai maya". By Marutirao Pehelwan and Tarabai. Assisted by the Orchestra. 1-0 The Radio Quartet. Leader, Dominic Pereira. 5 to 6 Selections of Bhajans by Bishnupant Pagnis of "Tukaram" fame. 6-0 "For Children". Arranged and produced by Auntie Marion and "Interrupted" by Uncle Gorgonzola. 6-30 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. (The News in Marathi and Time Signal at 7-0 p.m.) 7-30 The Cocktail Hour. Leo Martiniz and his Band. From the Taj Mahal Hotel. 8-30 The News in Hindi. 8-45 Sanai and Choughada. Balwantrao R. Mane—Kamod (Odeon). 9-0 Talk (English): "As it Was". W. W. Russell. 9-15 The News. 9-30 A Special Diwali Concert. By Hirabai Barodekar.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

a.m.
8-0 Shrimad Bhagwad Gita. (Text and Translation.) Pandit Ratan Piya. 8-15 Arti. By AIR Artists. 8-25 Bhai Taj of Amritsar. 8-45 Vatsala Bai Kumtekar of Bombay. 9-10 The News (English). 9-20 The News (Hindustani). 9-30 B. S. Rawat. 9-40 Vatsala Bai Kumtekar of Bombay. 10-5 P. S. Mukerjee—Asawri on Violin. 10-10 Bhai Taj of Amritsar.
noon.
12-0 "Ham Bhi Hain". A programme for women. In the Women's World—News in Hindustani.

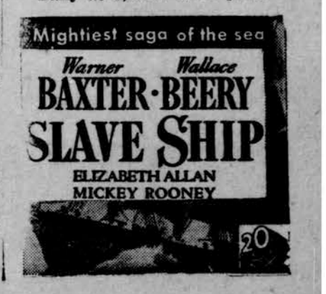
p.m.
12-5 Amateur Music. Kumari Pushpa Seth. 12-10 Talk (Hindustani): "Openings for Women". Kumari Satya Suri. 12-20 Amateur Music. Kumari Pushpa Seth. 12-30 Film Songs. 1-30 "Echoes of Ulster". A programme of characteristic music and humour from Northern Ireland. Compiled and Produced by Henry McMullan. (A BBC Recorded Programme). 5-0 Vatsala Bai Kumtekar of Bombay. 5-30 "Diwali—A poem. 5-40 Bhai Taj of Amritsar. 6-10 B. S. Rawat. 6-30 P. S. Mukerjee. 6-35 Vatsala Bai Kumtekar of Bombay. 7-0 "For Villagers Only". The News and Market Rates at 7-30 p.m. 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Diwali". By Pt. Madan Lal. 8-15 "Dipawali". 9-15 The News and Weather Report (Hindustani): 9-30 The News and Weather Report (English): 9-45 European Music. 10-0 Talk (English): "The Abbott-Wood Report". No 3. By N. K. Siddhanta. 10-15 Music Conference. Relayed from Allahabad.

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. and 49.10 metres, 6.109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

p.m.
12-36 John Phillips and his Orchestra. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Music on Disc. 2-6 Talk: "Teachings from Chaitanya Charitamritam". By Pandit Haran Chakravarty. 2-21 Vocal and Instrumental Music. Shila Bagchi—Kavya Sangit. 2-31 Nirmola Mazoomdar—Adhunik. 2-41 Satyaranjan Choudhury—Classico Modern. 2-51 Guitar and Flute. Sujit Nath and Bimal Dutt. 5-6 For the Children. 6-6 "Pala Kirtan—Kalahantarita". By Govinda Gopal Mittra Thakur. Nova Gopal Mittra Thakur and Party. 7-6 Kavya Sangeet. Shiuli Sircar. 7-21 The Jantri Sangha. Conducted by S. L. Das. 7-36 Religious Song. Uttra Debi. 7-51 Talk. "Glorious Failures". No. 6 Napoleon I. By Sachi Kanta Guha. 8-6 The News and Weather Report (Bengali). 8-21 Gazals Hasmat of Gwalior. 8-41 Thumri. Renuka Roy. 9-1 Commercial News and Weather Report (English): 9-6 The News and Announcements. 9-21 Talk (English): "Water for Bengal" No. 2 Damodar River. By P. C. Roy. 9-36 Francisco Casanova and his Spanish Orchestra. From "Firpo's" Restaurant.

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.



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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1937

CONGRESS AND COTTON SLUMP

Despite its unusually heavy agenda the All-India Congress Committee found time to discuss and adopt a resolution on an unobtrusive but important subject like the slump in the prices of cotton, a fact which speaks much for the vigilant concern of the Congress for the welfare of the peasant. The resolution appeals to the Indian mills and the Indian dealers in cotton "to refrain from purchasing foreign cotton similar in quality and staple to Indian cotton" and appoints a Committee consisting of Messrs. Jamnalal Bajaj, Bhulabhai Desai and Shankarlal Banker to investigate into this matter and "to recommend such measures as they may consider advisable in the interests of cotton-growers in the country." The resolution is due to the unusually heavy decline in the prices of Indian cotton by reason of the over-production throughout the world. Already there have been a decline in the exports of Indian cotton and a tendency to import more foreign cotton. Immediate steps need to be taken to check this tendency, which is harmful to India from every point of view.

Millowners' Duty

The most effective way to improve the situation is for the Indian mills to buy more Indian cotton and produce more cloth. The larger output of cloth will not long remain unsold; for the Sino-Japanese war and the boycott of Japanese goods, which the Congress itself has recommended, will reduce imports of Japanese cloth and the Indian mills will have a good opportunity to increase their sales. The mills have made good profit in recent years through tariff protection granted to some extent at the expense of the consumers, including the cultivators, and it behoves them now to protect the latter in their sad plight. It is also the duty of the public to see that they buy cloth which is made wholly of Indian cotton. It may be presumed that the Committee appointed by the A. I. C. C. will get active support from the Congress Governments and cotton experts.

An Urgent Necessity

The draft resolution of the Working Committee contained a clause urging the Congress Ministries to investigate the question of taking measures for the redistribution of areas of crops so as to curtail, if it was considered necessary, the production of cotton in this country with a view to avoiding a slump in prices. Such an investigation is urgently necessary but the clause about it was needlessly withdrawn, probably because the Committee appointed could itself make a preliminary investigation in the matter. With the strenuous efforts of America, and several other countries to grow more cotton, over-production is likely to be more common in the future, and the poor, resourceless unorganised cultivators in India may be its worst victims. Attempts should therefore be made betimes to prevent overproduction in this country. Moreover, the practice of varying crops may help to maintain the fertility of the soil as also to adjust the crops to the exigencies of the markets. The Committee, therefore, should not keep this subject out of its investigation merely because the reference to the Ministers was thought to be unnecessary at this stage.

India's National Language

Not the least unfair among the charges levelled against the Congress by Mr. Jinnah and his followers at the Lucknow session of the Muslim League, was that the Congress was out to make Hindi the "lingua franca" of India, with Nagari as the universal script. The falsity of this charge would be obvious to any one who has pursued the controversy regarding the "lingua franca" of India, which has been carried on in this country for nearly two years past. While all Congressmen are agreed that such a language would only be the language spoken by the vast majority of the people of India—and this language happens to be the mixture which is neither the highly Persianised language going by the name of Urdu, nor the highly Sanskritised language going by the name of Hindi—there has been a difference as to the name to be given to it. The majority of Congressmen would like to call it "Hindustani"—though a small section has shown a preference to "Hindi-Hindustani," on the ground that the basic principles of a composite language like that which one would like the people of India as a whole to evolve and speak, would have to be furnished both by Hindi and Hindustani. On ground of simplicity of nomenclature alone, "Hindustani", would be the best desiription of the language. But no responsible section of Congressmen has contended that Hindi—as spoken by the Hindus alone of Northern India—should become the "lingua franca." Much less has there been any suggestion that Nagari alone should be national script. It is only the lurid imagination of certain fanatical critics within the Muslim League that has been responsible for the suggestion that the Congress is bent on enforcing on the people of India "Hindi" as the common language and Nagari as the national script.

The Congress Working Committee's recent resolutions should leave not a shadow of doubt in any unbiased mind that both the language and script which the majority of Indian Muslims have been using will be respected and safeguarded in an equal measure with the language and script which the majority of Hindus are using. While there is a clear difference between the Urdu and Nagari scripts, there is a gradation of differences between the languages used by the Hindu and Muslim majorities. There is the highly Persianised Urdu just as there is highly Sanskritised Hindi. As against these, there are "Urdu" and "Hindi", spoken by the masses of Upper India, with almost equal percentages of words of Persian and Sanskrit origin. For both of these the name "Hindustani," would appear to be appropriate, as Hindustani is neither a Muslim nor a Hindu language, but a language spoken by the masses of both people and easily understood by them. The Congress has practically approved of this name for the common tongue, both because of its non-communal character and its use by the largest majority of the Indian people. But, while the Congress would like the people of India in all parts of the country, including the South and Bengal, where neither Urdu nor Hindi nor Hindustani is known to any extent, to cultivate a working knowledge of this common language, so as to forge a new vital bond of unity among them, it has left the various communities, be they Hindus, Muslim, Parsis, Sikhs, or even Tamilians, Andhras, Karnatakis and so on, entirely free to cultivate their own mother-tongues and peculiar scripts. Lovers of pure Urdu, pure Hindi, as well as of the Dravidian languages and the scripts which are in use among them, need not have the least fear that the Congress will in any way discourage the use of these languages or their scripts.

In this connection we would like to draw the attention of the reader to the significant and highly praiseworthy move made in Bombay to popularise "Hindustani Urdu". This move must dispel the fear that the Congress is hostilely disposed towards Urdu. On the other hand, the Congress would warmly welcome efforts even by the Muslim League, to popularise Urdu among the non-Urdu speaking Muslims of the South, for thereby larger numbers of South Indian people would acquire the means to communicate and hold social intercourse with their compatriots in the north and thus forge ties of fellowship which will go to strengthen the unity of the people of India. Protagonists of the Muslim League may continue to call it "Urdu," but what is in a name? It will be "Hindustani" all the same, which the Congress also is labouring to popularise among the masses. Let us only hope that the form of "Urdu" that will be taught under the auspices of the League will not be of the highly Persianised type. Knowledge of such a form of "Urdu" alone will prove a barrier against the free intercourse of the Muslim masses with other sections of the people. Surely, such isolation of Muslim masses is not at all a desirable goal to be aimed at even from the Muslims' own interests?

INDIAN INDUSTRIES

A Review

(BY ZANDHYALA).

With the commencement of the Hindu New Year, the financial and commercial circles in India are busy taking stock of their position and preparing for new undertakings. The year just ended is to be marked as one of the most eventful years in the financial history of the country in more than one direction. The acceptance of office by the Indian National Congress gave a new orientation to financial and economic policies in India. The concentration of efforts both by the Government and Congress to ameliorate the condition of the agricultural masses, holds out hope of a sustained economic advancement in the country in the next few years. The economic recovery has taken place to a more marked degree during the past one year than before. There was an all round boom during the first six months. Of course, the prices of most industrials as well as commodities have declined substantially during the past few months. Among commodities, cotton in particular slumped heavily to about Rs. 220 prevailing a year ago. The fall in other commodities was not so marked as in cotton. After a meteoric rise to Himalayan heights during the early part of the year, all industrials declined again precipitously to very low levels. However, on balance, the leading industrials stand to-day at much higher levels than they were a year ago.

Remarkable Revival

This clearly denotes the industrial advancement of the country in the past one year. The Iron and Steel industry has entered into princely phase, and promises to do well without protection after 1941. The formation of the Associated Cement Companies marked an important land-mark in the history of the cement industry. There is the growth of a large number of units in the industry, but the ever-increasing consumption of cement would enable all to market their produce at a fair selling price. The textile industry, helped by the general economic recovery and the Sino-Japanese conflict, is enjoying a period of prosperity at the present moment. The appointment of the Wages Inquiry Committee by the Government holds out the hope of a permanent settlement of Labour unrest in the textile industry. The general industrial revival led to an increase in the consumption of coal the price of which has almost doubled in the last few months. Perhaps, Jute is the only industry that has not registered any advance during the year just ended. Had it not been for the American demand, most of the Jute Mills would have been forced to make inroads on their reserves, and default dividends. The over production and the consequent price-cutting landed the sugar industry in troubled waters. Apart from the question whether India can export or not, the closure of the foreign markets for the export of sugar from India, has placed the last straw on the camel's back.

On a general survey of the whole situation, it must be said that the conditions prevailing the country to-day, are better than those prevailing a year ago. Helped by the conflict of forces in the realm of international politics, and encouraged by the efforts to integrate all forces for the economic advancement of the masses, the economic recovery in the country is sure to make a rapid headway during this year.

New Stock Exchange

At last the threats of opening another Stock Exchange, have taken a concrete shape, and a new Stock Exchange is reported to have been registered last week. Apart from the necessity or the utility of such an institution, the Government of Bombay will have to recognise it, so as to enable the contracts entered therein, to obtain a legal sanction. When the existing Stock Exchange is found sufficient to provide all facilities for trading in stocks and shares, the Government can hardly be expected allow another institution to come into being, and thus impede the progress of the present Exchange. The Government of Bombay appointed committees in the past, in regard to the working of the Stock Exchange and are exercising a good control over the same, as it fulfils a very important function in the national economy. There were no complaints in the past against the existing institution.

(Continued on page 7, Col. 6).

RESUSCITATION OF AYURVEDA

By VAIDYA VACHASPATI
Dr. M. R. SAMEY.

The "Times of India" in its leading article of September 15th, 1937, bewails the resurrection of rivalry between the Indian and Western systems of medicine in the light of recent debates in the Bombay Legislative Assembly. It, looks with alarm at the commitment of the Government of Bombay in the reply of its Health Minister, Dr. Gilder, to a greater recognition of Indian Medicine than it has hitherto enjoyed and asks with dismay: "Is it a necessary corollary of this policy that Western Medicine shall cease to occupy the paramount position it has to-day?"

A Myth

The paramount position of the Western medicine in India is a myth, as the bulk of public patronage is extended to Indian systems of medicine and only a moiety of the masses is served by the hospitals and dispensaries of Western medicine established by the Paramount Power.

The incompatibility of Indian medicine with Western medicine is by no means an allegation or a misconception, but a fundamental fact founded on close investigation and research. The theory on which Ayurveda rested was a very advanced theory, a theory which had gone very much further than Western medicine had gone. It was, therefore, very difficult to combine the two systems into one. The method of approach was from different ends. At present Western medicine touched the Ayurvedic theory in one or two points. But not realizing that the approach was from two different and opposite ends, people had begun to talk loosely about mixing the two and making a sorry mess of both. These people are doing an enormous harm to both Indian and Western systems of medicine. The two are unmixable. Medicine is not a Science. Medical savants say so with bated breath and palpitating hearts and a lay paper may rush to proclaim "that Medicine is a science"!

Co-operative Ideal Of Ayurveda

Such loose statements in lay press are potential dangers to the cause and as for "this science," which has for its universal object the prevention and cure of ills of the flesh" so chivalrously championed" by the "Times of India", the less said of its altruism the better. The Western physician is a member of a trade union and has tried to make the largest amount of money he could from his medical enterprise. The ideal of Ayurveda was based on the idea of co-operation and harmony wherein it was incumbent on the physician to feel pain for the sufferer, to bring his mind into harmony with the mind of the patient, his soul into harmony with the soul of the patient and to correct those defects in the soul of the patient from which the disease resulted That was an ideal which Western medicine —the flower of European civilization—based on competition and conflict could not understand. Therefore, Ayurveda and Allopathy are basically incompatible and unmixable and the rivalry is real and radical between both of them.

Charge Of Quackery

Originally Ayurveda was practised by the very highly advanced Rishis who laid down an incomparable theory applicable for diagnosis and cure of disease of the triple entity called Man--Kaya, Vacha and Manas by medicine, philology and Yoga. Since Ayurveda is based on that theory the knowledge of allied subjects was compulsory

The charge of quackery levelled at the door of Ayurveda is equally applicable to Western medicine which is described by the Homoeopathic experts as 'State Protected Experimental Quackery' and there is no fear that Ayurvedic practitioners will be more harmful than Western practitioners, whose quibbles and squabbles are so well caricatured by G. B. S. in his famous "Doctors' Dilemmas."

A perfect Science like Ayurveda needs no improvement in the hands of 'hostile authorities of Western medicine,' but unhampered and generous encouragement by the Government.

Ayurvedic System Will Last

Competent Boards of Indigenous Medicine have incompetently handled qualification and registration of Ayurvedists in Madras and "beware of regulations to strangle Ayurveda".

Faith and cheapness of drugs do not form the "backbone" of Ayurvedic medicine in India". Scientific perfection and altruistic prescription are its greatest bulwarks. There need be no fear that Ayurveda would ever be abandoned this country. No British Trade Union corporation, or Association of Doctors could ever change it.

So-called Paramount Position Of Western Medicine In India Is A Myth

FRANKLY SPEAKING

ANTI-RUSSIAN PACT

The report appearing in the "Asahi Shimbun" that negotiations for a tripartite agreement between Japan, Italy and Germany are nearly complete and very shortly an anti-Commintern Pact will be signed by them jointly, may be taken as well based. All the three Powers, being inspired by the same ideals of self-aggrandisement and self-glorification at the expense of smaller nations and helpless peoples of the earth, are finding that the socialistic ideology, which having found its concrete expression in Soviet Russia, is now seeking to permeate other quarters of the world, is the greatest stumbling block in the way of the realization of their dreams of world-wide domination. Nay, such ideology is also threatening to deprive them of the fruits of their labours of the past few years. To preserve their ill-gotten gains no less than to be able to proceed unhindered in their careers of further aggrandisement, they are obliged to link their destinies together and present a united front. But they forget that there is a higher destiny which will shape their ends rough-hew them how they will. They overlook the fact that violence carries in its womb the seeds of its own destruction.

ONE MORE AIR SERVICE

The inauguration of the Bombay-Kathiawar Air Service on Monday is one more step forward in the progress of aviation in India. This is a predominantly Indian enterprise, whose object is not merely profit but also the development of a means of communication which this country of vast distances very urgently needs. Indians are not yet sufficiently air-minded nor have the Government made adequate attempts to make them so. But the people should do what they themselves can with whatever support they can get from the responsible Provincial Governments. We trust the new Service will play no mean part in this task. In that confidence we wish it every success.

HARIJANS AND PUBLIC WELLS

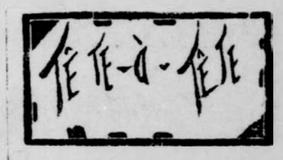
In the course of their fresh instructions about the use of the special grant of Rs. 10 lakhs on village water supply the Government of Bombay have once again given the assurance that the needs of the Harijans will be specially considered in working out the scheme. The Government state that where Harijans' existing disabilities about access to public wells are likely to continue, either no money will be spent in that village from the special grant or, when the Harijans need better water supply, the Government will spend solely for providing special drinking water facilities for their classes. We feel confident that the Government will take steps to see that all public wells—and not merely the new ones to be built—will be made accessible to Harijans without any let or hindrance. A firm uncompromising attitude is necessary in such a matter.

MR. KELKAR'S ADVICE.

We do not think that in any responsible Congress quarters there will be any thing but thankfulness for the advice which Mr. N. C. Kelkar has come forward to offer to the Congress Ministries. As Mr. Kelkar has repeatedly stated, he sees in the acceptance of office by Congressmen a fulfilment of the ideal set before his countrymen by the late Lokamanya Tilak, when he said "Take what you can get and ask for more." Though Congressmen do not interpret the message of the Lokamanya in the manner in which Mr. Kelkar does, they will not be disposed to quarrel with him over it at this stage of the affairs of the country. Mr. Kelkar wants the Congress Ministries "to sit firm in the saddle for the full term of their office," for he believes that by doing so they will be in a position to render material help to the toiling masses of the country. Mr. Kelkar may rest assured that the Congressmen will not want-only throw away any opportunities for doing any national good. But they will not stick to the office, simply because it constitutes a position of some vantage, if at the same time they are called upon to sacrifice larger national interests. To them offices are good or bad only in relation to the vital interests of the country which are at stake.

UNFORTUNATE KURLA

One cannot but sympathise with the tax-payers of Kurla in the plight which their representatives in the municipal council have placed them. They have to pay for their irresponsible exercise of the franchise by the forfeiture of that franchise for 18 months more. The lengthy communique issued by the Government of Bombay in justification of their suspension of the municipality for a further period, makes sorry reading and few unbiased readers will be disposed to draw any other conclusion from the tale of ineptitude and maladministration disclosed therein than that the Government have no other course left open to them but to continue the suspension till at least the drainage scheme, so necessary in the vital interests of the health and sanitation of the town, is well under weigh. One may be sure that none regrets the step which the Government have been compelled to take more than the Congress Ministry, which cannot be accused of any desire to curtail civic rights. We trust, however, both the Government and the people of Kurla will continue their attempt to remove the causes that prevent the existence of a true spirit of civic service—so that it may be possible to restore the Municipality much before the expiry of the present period of suspension.



A British steamer has been sunk by one of General Franco's 'planes. It carried among its crew two control officers to watch the observance of the Non-Intervention Scheme.

It was all done in "good faith", of course—as you will very soon hear from the British Premier "who knows his mind".

* * *

Details are now available of the party which H. H. the Aga Khan gave to 3,000 guests in Geneva. Newspapers describe it as "the most ambitiously conceived and brilliant festivity in the history of the League". A colossal amount is said to have been spent on making the occasion such a great success.

Bori Bunder, referring to the party, says "Geneva lately had a taste of the lavish hospitality of the East".

At least of the East which the Aga Khan represents!

* * *

The party, let it be made clear, was an unofficial function and the "brilliant festivity" was not "ambitiously conceived" in the Aga Khan's official position as the "representative" of the world's poorest people.

* * *

Mr. J. L. Garvin of the "Observer" observes that "Muddled diplomacy has weakened Britain in every quarter of the world."

Except, perhaps, in Britain!

* * *

"There has been nothing in Britain's history", further says Mr. Garvin, "like the present spectacle of promiscuous complications since the Abyssinian fiasco."

Then truly it may be said that between them Chamberlain and Eden are making history.

* * *

The tourist season this year promises to be of more than usual interest.

Besides the usual lynx-eyed Americans, the European journalists out to write a book about India during a week's hurricane tour and the romantically-inclined spinsters in search of the glamorous East, we are to be honoured with a visit by a party of super-super tourists.

The detailed arrangements regarding their tour make fantastic reading.

The twenty millionaires, billionaires and other equally imposing species of British plutocracy will see India in special trains, each will be provided with a servant and they will be entertained by several Rajas.

Special lessons, we believe, will be given to these tourists to ensure that they learn the difference between the ceremonial turban of a "rajah" and the regulation headgear of a "chokra" and that they don't commit the mistake of tipping the former and slapping the latter on the back.

* * *

The famous traveller and author, Rosita Forbes, will act as "Social hostess" to the party.

This certainly opens up a rather original and profitable side-line for British woman writers.

The "piece de resistance" of the whole scheme, however, is the provision that "every guest is guaranteed that he will shoot his own tiger, and will be allowed to bring the skin back to England as a trophy."

The organizers of this hundred per cent perfect scheme, we hope, have duly informed the tigers that they are expected to behave properly and yield their skins to the distinguished sportsmen without any sort of grumbling or growling.

The Junior Colleague suggests in this connection that much labour and unnecessary trouble would be saved if the sponsors of the tour straightaway ordered twenty tigers' skins from taxidermists.

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLER

The British Government will shortly announce an amendment to the Imperialist slogan, "Britannia rules the waves" in view of the repeatedly unceremonious sinking of British steamers by General Franco's forces.

* * *

The four-year old boy, perched on his father's knee in the crowded bus, looked hard at the stout, gaudily-dressed woman as she bustled in and edged herself into the only seat left.

'Mum,' he said, loudly, 'it's a lady.'

'Hush dear,' said his mother, 'we know it is.'

The little boy looked puzzled.

'But, mummy,' he shrilled, 'you just said to Dad. "Whatever's this object coming in"?'

Anglo-Japanese Conflict Feared

Loss Of British Lives Not Likely To Be Tolerated

TOKIO, November 1.

A message from Shanghai states that the main body of Japanese troops crossed the Soochow Creek and established a cordon round Shanghai.—Reuter.

SHANGHAI: November 1.

Inspired by newspaper propaganda and resentment of alleged British Press sympathies with China, Japanese feeling against British is increasing in Shanghai.

A critical situation is feared since the Japanese staff officers insist on the necessity of bombing Chinese machinegun posts along the Shanghai-Hangchow Railway, adjacent to the British defence line.

It is understood the strongest representations are being made to Tokio and Shanghai to induce the Japanese military authorities to exercise greater caution regarding the lives of Britons and Americans. Nevertheless the Japanese bombers are still circling over the British posts which are firing on them Lewis guns.—Reuter.

NOT EXACTLY DOOMED

SHANGHAI, Nov. 1.

It is ascertained that only two were killed and 24 wounded of the so-called doomed battalion, which dashed into the settlement across the street, sprayed with machine-gun bullets.

Altogether 377 out of the original 500 in garrison are alive. The wounded persons have been removed to hospital, and the rest are lodged in internment camp.—Reuter.

JAPANESE CLAIM SUCCESS

All Night Fight Across Soochow Creek

SHANGHAI Nov 1

After an all night rifle and mortar duel across the Soochow Creek the Japanese claim successful landings at several points on the south side of the creek.

They state the Chinese in these vicinities are falling back. The Chinese, however, insist all Japanese crossing the creek were mowed down.—Reuter.

INQUIRY INTO SINKING OF BR. SHIP

LONDON, Nov. 1.

H. M. S. "Hood Flagship" with a battleship, cruiser and squadron with Leader Admiral Cuningham aboard has gone to Barcelona to establish facts in connection with the sinking of the ship "Jean Weems" flying British flag by a seaplane alleged to belong to the insurgents.

The ship is registered in Gibraltar but the owners are a Greek Company.

The Captain and crew who were given five minutes to leave, are now in Barcelona.—Reuter.

JAPAN APOLOGISES TO U. S. AGAIN

SHANGHAI, Nov. 1.

Brigadier Beaumont, United States Commander-in-Chief in Shanghai has strongly protested to Japan against the action of the Japanese Blue Jackets, who crossed the Soochow creek from Chapei seized a junk manned by the United States marines.

Hasegawa has expressed regret and promised that there would be no recurrence of the incident.—Reuter.

FAMOUS NOVELIST DEAD.

WINNIPEG: November 1

Death has occurred of Ralph Connor, the famous novelist.—Reuter.

"Help Us To Resist Japanese Aggression"

Chinese Students, On Way To Fight For Their Country, Appeal For India's Co-operation

"We eagerly hope that our Indian brothers and sisters would do the utmost to help us to resist the Japanese aggression", said four Chinese students who passed through Bombay on Monday on board "Conte Biancomano", in an exclusive interview they gave to a "Chronicle" representative.

Along with many other Chinese students in England they have discontinued their studies and are returning to fight for the freedom of their motherland.

On arrival of the boat they were met on board by Miss Shanta Gandhi on behalf of the local students' organizations. On coming down to the pier they were greeted by representatives of the B. P. Students' Federation, Bombay Students Union, Youth Association and several other organizations. A demonstration was arranged to express India's solidarity with China in her present hour of crisis.

FRATERNAL GREETING TO CHINA

A book with the national flags of India and China and the inscription "Fraternal Greetings to China" was presented to the students to take with them to China. The book contains resolutions passed by various Indian organizations and cuttings from Indian newspapers to show India's sympathy with the Chinese cause.

After the demonstration the Chinese students were taken to the office of the Students Federation where they exchanged views with local student workers.

APPEAL TO INDIA

Before re-embarking on the boat, Messrs. T. K. Chu, J. P. Yong, K. T. Li and S. K. Huong gave the following statement to the "Chronicle":—

"We are a party of students returning from Europe. We have volunteered our services to the Government of China. We eagerly hope our Indian brothers and sisters would do their utmost to help us to resist the Japanese aggression. The way by which you can help us is to refuse to sell cotton to Japan because (a) Japan imports 42 per cent. of her cotton from India, and (b) to refuse to buy Japanese textiles and other articles and (c) to stop exporting pig iron to Japan as she gets 20 per cent. of her supplies of pig iron from India.

RUSSIAN BOATS UNDER BORROWED COLOURS?

Will Supplies To Spanish Govt. Now Stop?

PARIS, Nov. 1.

Soon Valencia will have the greatest difficulty in obtaining supplies of arms, said Vice-Admiral Fernandez, Commander of the Nationalist Base in Majorca in an interview to the Havas correspondent.

He added the enemy was being provisioned by cargoes carried under the British, French and Greek flags, which were generally "borrowed" Russian boats and which had practically disappeared. To carry out complete blockade of the Spanish coasts, however, he said, it would be necessary to have larger units than they were mobilising in Majorca.—Reuter.

ADDRESS TO JAWAHAR

Murshidabad Nawab's Son Makes Presentation

CALCUTTA, Nov. 1.

The Anjuman Shiyan of Bengal presented an address of welcome to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru to-night, the presentation being made by Prince Fatehyab Ali Mirza, second son of the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad.

A large number of Shias and prominent members of the Persian Community in Calcutta attended the function. The leaders including Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad present.—A. P.

Yonezawa's Appointment

TOKIO, Nov. 1.

The Japanese Consul-General in Calcutta Yonezawa has been appointed Director of Investigation Bureau of the Foreign Office.—Reuter.

Sind's Splendid Stand Against Tennyson XI

Pile Up 348 Runs In First Knock: Fine Daud-Mobed Partnership

TENNYSON AND EDRICH IN CENTURY PARTNERSHIP

Sind concluded their first innings in the match with Tennyson's with 348 on Monday.

CENTURY PARTNERSHIP

On Monday after a bad beginning, with only 61 for five wickets, Lord Tennyson and Edrich made a century in their 6th wicket partnership and were not out at the close with 62 and 80 respectively with the Tourists' score at 189 for five in their first innings.

THE SCORE:—

Sind XI	*(1st innings)*	*348*
Tennyson's Team	*(1st innings) for 5 wkts*	*189*

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Nov. 1.

Sind continued to do as well as they did on first day of the match when they resumed their innings against Tennyson's Team this morning. About 1,500 British soldiers from Regiments stationed round about Karachi formed part of a crowd of about 7,000. Smith and Gover were the opening bowlers the Surrey man bowling for some time very much below his usual pace probably to curb his propensity to bump which was proving rather costly to his side as the Sind batsmen were adept at cutting and hooking.

CORRECT BATTING.

Daudknan batted correctly and never allowed any loose ball to go unpunished, the legside being his main penchant. Eventually Worthington coming in place of Langridge bowled Irani at 266. Ghulam Mohd. whose playing yesterday was doubtful, now came in and at once wielded a long handle. He got two fine fours to square cut boundary and Smith coming on for his second spell bowled him with a well pitched up ball which Ghulam Mohd. turned into the Yorker. (283—8).

RUNS COME STEADILY

M. J. Mobed who distinguished himself against Ryder's Team here two years ago, now joined Daudkhan and cricket brightened up considerably. Despite excellent fielding by Edrich, Hardstaff and Yardley near the Boundary, runs came at steady rate and at noon Sind crossed the 300 mark after having been at the wicket 330 minutes—a most creditable performance against varied attack and keen fielding and on slow outfield.

IMPREGNABLE PAIR.

After Sind had passed the 300 mark Tennyson redoubled his efforts to round off the innings. Worthington bowled good-length offbreaks on legstumps on legtrap of four, but both Daudkhan and Mobed were impregnable. Mobed was excellent combination of defensive and attacking batsman, now stopping the ball dead near his boots and immediately afterwards slashing out with tremendous force. In less than half an hour he had scored 25 including five hits to the boundary. Every one of these was a well conceived and correct stroke.

UMPIRE'S MISTAKE.

Just before this umpire Palsetia after unconsciously giving Mobed out to an l.b.w. appeal immediately reversed his decision, waving to Mobed to continue. Tennyson fielding at midoff appeared to ask the umpire what his decision was and the umpire indicated that he had put up his finger by mistake. Bowling changes were now very quick and runs came in slower, although at every possible opportunity any ball that could be dispatched to the boundary was treated appropriately.

PREVIOUS RECORD BROKEN.

When Sind reached 340, they had beaten their previous best performance against a touring team, namely, their 332 against Gilligan's team in 1926—on which occasion, however, they had lost nevertheless.

The new ball was now taken and Mobed fell victim to it immediately, Worthington holding a fine one-handed catch in the slips high over his head (343—9—39). Mobed had six fours in his score of 39.

Khadim Hussain joined Daudkhan and at 12-40 Sind were all out for 348. Daudkhan remained unbeaten with 49, a most meritorious performance. He had given no chance and had batted for 128 minutes reaching the boundary three times.

TOURISTS' FIRST VENTURE

Edrich and McCorkel commenced the tourists' innings to the bowling of Khadim Hussain and Gopaldas. Off the first ball of Khadim Hussain there was a confident appeal for l.b.w. as Edrich in attempting to hook a dull toss missed and was hit on legs. The appeal was disallowed.

Lunch score was 7 for no wicket.

APPEAL TO UMPIRE

An incident unprecedented in the history of touring teams in India occurred, when the game was resumed, leading to barracking and counter-barracking from two different sections of the crowd. After McCorkel had left at 19, Hardstaff came in and was just settling down to play in his inimitable style, when Khadim Hussain noticed that the Notts player was inclined to leave his crease before the bowler had delivered the ball. In his fourth over Khadim after passing the bowler's crease suddenly stopped short and whipped off the bails, then being about a foot out of the crease. A member of the Sind Team near the Umpire appealed and Hardstaff was naturally given out.

HARDSTAFF CHEERED

Two thousand British soldiers, sitting in one corner of the ground cheered Hardstaff all the way back to the pavillion. For a few minutes thereafter a good shot by a batsman or a piece of fielding was the subject of demonstration from the two different parts of the ground and although the normal atmosphere soon returned the incident undoubtedly threw a pall on the game for the rest of the day as the crowd no doubt wished that such a redoubtable opponent as Hardstaff should have been got out by more convincing methods.

The first wicket to fall was that of McCorkel, who was bowled out. (19—1—9).

Hardstaff left at 22 and Worthington joined Edrich.

CHANCES MISSED

The tourists had started confidently but their reverses made them play with all the caution that the situation demanded.

One thing that Khadim Hussain's subterfuge achieved was that a brake was applied to the quick running between the wickets that had hitherto been a feature of the game. Nevertheless Edrich in taking a hasty run was nearly run out, only a bad throw from cover saved him.

During the first hours of the play, no less than three chances were missed, two of these by Naoomal off his own bowling.

After fifty had been signalled Naoomal brought on Ghulam Mohd. again and in cutting a bad ball Worthington gave easy chance to Gopaldas at cover. (61—3—17).

Langridge came in and was out in same over l.b.w. (new).

Four batsmen out for 61 was bad indeed, but worse followed when Yardley was bowled by bailer from Khadim Hussain—a perfect beauty of a ball, which beat Yardley completely. (74—5—4).

Lord Tennyson joined Edrich amidst cheers.

SIND LOSES GRIP

Sind now appeared to lose that grip of the game, which they had obtained hitherto. Edrich 51 and Tennyson (not out) was the pair at tea; and by fearful batting and helped by some lapses in the field, they carried the score without further loss from 74 to 176. Edrich, who had once been missed by Naoomal was again lucky to escape the easiest stumping chance imaginable. With the Middlesex man far out of the crease Ambep lost the ball and Edrich quietly walked in. The bowler to suffer was Naoomal. Without in any way risking his wicket, Lord Tennyson hit very hard whenever opportunity offered and with a grand drive on for six off Gopaldas and a four, he reached his fifty in an hour and fifteen minutes. There were seven fours a six in Tennyson's fifty.

Edrich then drove on Gopaldas for another hefty six.

NEW TACTICS

Naoomal who had been persevering with only four bowlers so far, now tried Mobed but the batsmen were untroubled.

CENTURY PARTNERSHIP

With a cut for two, Edrich completed the century partnership for the sixth wicket—the third century partnership by tourists.

At the close, Edrich and Lord Tennyson were not out with 80 and 61 respectively.

Edrich has hit five fours and a six and Lord Tennyson eight fours and one six.

SIND XI—1st Innings.

Ambep, c Smith, b Gover	7
Deepchand, l.b.w., b Gover	15
Qamardin, c Pope, b Langridge	90
Abbas Khan (played on wicket), b Worthington	39
Naoomal, c Tennyson, b Gover	29
Daud Khan (not out)	49
Irani, b Worthington	22
Ghulam Mohd., b Smith	9
M.J. Mobed, c Worthington, b Gover	39
Khadim Hussain, c Pope, b Edrich	4
Extras	20
Total	348

FALL OF WICKETS:—2 for 53; 3 for 149; 4 for 163; 5 for 210 and 6 for 238; 7 for 266; 8 for 283 and 9 for 343.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Gover	24	3	77	4
Pope	12	4	29	0
Smith	33	13	61	1
Peebles	18	1	57	0
Langridge	21	4	50	2
Worthington	12	2	41	2
Edrich	4.5	1	13	1

TENNYSON'S TEAM—1st Innings.

McCorkel, b Khadim Hussain	9
Hardstaff (run out)	2
Worthington, c Gopaldas, b Ghulam Mohd	17
Langridge, l.b.w.	0
Yardley, b Khadim Hussain	17
Edrich, (not out)	80
Tennyson, (not out)	62
Extras	2
Total (for five wickets)	189

FALL OF WICKETS:—1/19, 2/22, 3/61, 5/74.

GANDHIJI'S HEALTH CAUSES ANXIETY

(Continued from page 1)

weak to walk upstairs he was carried in an armchair. The Poet, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mrs. Pandit, Mr. Sarat Bose and Mr. Mahadeo Desai joined in the prayer which was led by Mr. Desai. Gandhiji said his prayer lying.

Immediately after prayer, all visitors were asked to clear quietly so as to give complete rest to Mahatma Gandhi. Most of the members of the Working Committee left by the evening train having made sure that Gandhiji was under proper medical treatment and that there was nothing alarming.—A.P.

Latest

CONDITION MUCH BETTER

Enquiries made by the Associated Press show that Gandhiji is having good sleep. According to his doctors his condition was much better.

In order that he might have perfect rest the visitors were persuaded to leave the house early at night and all the lights were put out.—A.P.

WORKING COMMITTEE CONCLUDES SESSION

CALCUTTA, Nov. 1.

The Congress Working Committee concluded its Calcutta session this afternoon after seven days prolonged sitting.

During the current session the Committee held more than a dozen sittings and discussed a number of subjects.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, who suddenly took ill at Jamshedpur, and was not able to attend the A.-I. C. C. meeting, arrived here this morning and participated in to-day's sitting of the Working Committee.

The Working Committee is reported to have acquainted him with all their discussions and conclusions.—A. P.

Diwali In Bombay

Brighter Outlook For Indian Trade

BOMBAY MAGNATES OPTIMISTIC

Congress In Office Inspires Confidence: But Cotton Causes Anxiety

"Deepavali" is a festival which is celebrated with great 'eclat' by all Hindus in the land. While it is a day of great rejoicing for all Hindus, it is of great importance to merchants. "Deepavali" is the occasion when the annual stock-taking is done and those who want to start business anew do it on this auspicious day, as it is a day when Laxshmi, Goddess of Wealth, visits every Hindu home.

A week before the "Divali" day and a week after, there is great rejoicing in every Hindu home, new clothes are bought, there is display of lights and illuminations

FEAST OF LIGHTS

Bombay, the foremost commercial City in India, is known for the grandeur of the celebrations of "Divali" Shops and residences are flood-lit and there are multi-coloured electric decorations. Every Hindu will spend as much as he can afford to celebrate this festival. Some on the Malabar Hill and in the commercial centres like Kalbadevi and Jhaveri Bazaar spend thousands on electric lighting, while those living in the Labour area spend a few rupees on the occasion. The cloth merchants do roaring business.

A drive round the City at night and talks with some of leading business magnates of the City shows that "Divali" will be celebrated this year on a grander scale than it was done during the last eight to ten years. Everyone expects the coming year to be one of plenty. It is the commercial community who are bouyant. Even those who are known to be pessimists assert that Indian Trade and Commerce are going to turn the corner definitely this year and regain their lost position.

TEXTILES LOOK UP

Sir H. P. Mody, ex-President of the Millowners' Association told our representative about the prospects of Textiles Industry during the coming year. He said: "Trade prospects for the next year are good. The mills will have cheap cotton and the price of the cloth is likely to be maintained. The competition of the Japanese cloth is declining. It has largely brought about the present hopeful outlook. Of course everything will depend on the prices of agricultural commodities during the marketing season Let us hope that the level of prices will have gone up by then."

Coming to agricultural commodities, Mr. Ratilal Gandhi, President of the Seeds' Merchants' Association, said that the general trade outlook for the coming year was much better than it was. There were clear indications of the export trade improving over the last three or four years.

BANKING OUTLOOK

Indigenous Banking is making good progress and the prospects are that Indian Banks will get greater support during the coming year.

Here is what Sir Phiroze Sethna, Managing Director of the Central Bank of India, says:—"I am asked to express my opinion as to whether indigenous banking in the new Hindu year 1994 will do better than in the year previous. The prevailing rate of interest is still very low but it appears that with better trade, there will be better inquiry for money, and the margin between the rate of interest at which Banks will lend and the rate of interest at which they will borrow will yield them better profit than last year. Let us hope that it will be so."

COTTON CAUSES ANXIETY

Mr. Begraj Gupta, President of the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce and Cotton Brokers' Association said: "During the coming year I expect that the recent trade improvement will be maintained, partly due to the nature of economic recovery in the world and partly due to the acceptance of office in seven Provinces by Congressmen. It is due to the latter fact that there is a feeling of cheerfulness and optimism among the people.

The position of cotton trade, however, is causing concern. The future of this trade may be marred if the Government and the public leaders do not take some prompt action."

PROBLEM FOR MINISTRY

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, ex-Finance Minister of the Bombay Government said that while there was a feeling of bouyancy among the members of the commercial community, the slump in the rates of raw cotton was causing great concern, from the point of view of the agriculturists. The Provincial Ministries, particularly the Bombay Ministry would have to face the problem of agricultural depression. If the present rates continue. Government may have to come forward with some substantial help to the agriculturists."

OFT-REPEATED

Mr. Jaisukhlal Mehta, Secretary of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, said: "For the last few years commercial magnates and Industrial leaders have been saying that Indian trade would regain its lost position and see prosperity. Indian trade would turn round the corner has been often repeated. But it never turned the corner so far. I feel that during the coming year, trade would certainly turn round the corner."

There is no gainsaying the fact that this optimism among the mercantile community is largely due to the fact that Congress has assumed charge of Governments in seven out of the eleven Provinces. Prosperity is ahead and it is hoped that every Indian will benefit as a result of it.

INDIAN INDUSTRIES

(Continued from page 6.)

except for the modification of some of its methods and practices. The report of the Morrison Committee is in the hands of the Government, who are now contemplating action to enforce the recommendations mentioned therein.

Unnecessary Duplication

Firstly, the volume of business does not necessitate the formation of another market. It has been revealed during the last inquiry, that a large volume of the business is only of a speculative character which should be restricted to the minimum. Therefore the formation of another Stock Exchange in the city, would only mean the encouragement of the speculative business to which the Government will never agree. The proposed rules and regulations, such as fortnightly clearing and monthly settlement, are in no way better than the existing rules. An important factor that requires considerable modification is the forward trading. As a result of the existence of numerous defects in the forward trading methods, various suggestions have been made from time to time, so far removing the chronic phenomena of periodical crises. If the new Stock Exchange is not going to remedy that defect, it will be performing no economic function, except perhaps stimulating the speculative instinct in the public.

Need For Drastic Reforms

Secondly, attempts are now being made for the concentration and unification of control over such markets. For instance, Government are now trying to amalgamate the two cotton markets—Pukka and Mahajan—into one. For such circumstances, it is not in the fitness of things, for Government to recognise a new institution.

Thirdly if one can draw lessons from history, the unfortunate experience of such a venture in the past, should be an object-lesson for all not to encourage the growth of such institutions. Instead of a multiplication of the institutions leading to all undesirable things, it would be in the interests of all if the Government exercises a more vigorous control over the existing Stock Exchange, and introduce the necessary wholesome reforms.

ECHO OF QUETTA 'QUAKE

LONDON, November 1.

Asked by Mr. G. C. Touche in the House of Commons whether it was intended to grant from the Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund any compensation to military and R.A.F. personnel for loss of their personal possessions, Lord Stanley replied it had been decided to grant compensation for losses sustained through earthquake. "I am enquiring regarding the application of this decision to military and R.A.F. personnel.—Reuter.

HEAVY-WEIGHT WRESTLING IN BOMBAY

WORLD'S STARS TO MEET

There is such a splendid array of talents amon the first entries for the All-India Professional Wrestling Tournament, which commences on November 3, at the Marine Drive Stadium, that high standard of performances is expected from the famous wrestlers of the world.

Unfortunately for the promoters, the redoubtable Punjab Pehalwans, Gama, Imam Bux, Hamida and Gunga, have not entered the tournament to maintain their reputation as world's best exponent of the art of heavy-weight wrestling.

Although the eleven Indian contestants in the tournament are not considered as "India's star heavy-weight wrestlers," they will not be easily defeated by the Foreigners.

Harban Singh, Santa Singh and Ram Kuber Paray are likely to give the visitors very hot contests and if they succeed in securing their favourite holds they will spring a big surprise.

Foreign Wrestlers

The following Foreign wrestlers are expected to arrive in Bombay to contest for the "Rustom-i-Ind" title:—

1 Emil Zayea, Hungary. Age 27. Height 6-2. Weight 19-4
2 Victorio Lambardi, Italy (Malta). Age 43. Height 6-0. Weigot 19-1.
3. Al Johanito, Spain. Age 39. Height 6-2. Weight 18-6.
4. Aurel, Ihm, Germany. Age 31. Height 5-10. Weight 17-4.
5 Vasit Coleff, Russia. Age 30 Height 6-3. Weight 17-4.
6. Georges Ionesco, Roumania (Manager of the Tournament). Age 38. Height 5-11. Weight 18-6.
7. Jeji Goldstein. Palestine. Age 34. Height 6-3. Weight 17-4.
8 Gasim S. Memet. "The Black Panther" of Morocco. Age 32. Height 6-1. Weight 17-2.
9. Vladek Zbisco, Zigainevici. Poland. Age 34. Height 6-1 Weight 17-8.
10. Jen Riza Beg, Tourqey. Age 28. Height 5-10. Weight 17-4.
11. Charle Rigolet, France. Age 29. Height 5-10. Weight 16-8.
12. Ivan Ivanov, Bulgaria Age 27. Height 5-10. Weight 16-8.
13. Vasit Bilcin, Serbia. Age 29. Height 5-11. Weight 16-8.
14. Geo. Arthur, Estona. Age 29. Height 5-11. Weight 16-2.
15. Arnold Weber, Austria. Age 32 Height 5-11. Weight 16-10.
16. Jean Yagon, Lithonia Age 26 Height 5.10. Weight 16-8.
17. Constantin Stanctu Age 27 Height 5-10. Weight 16-8.
18. Emanoll Salvatore, Portugal. Age 29. Height 5-2, Weight 16-4
19. Voislov Bojici, Jugoslavia. Age 34. Height 5-9. Weight 16-4.
20. Peter Djabrovsky, Czekoslovakia, Age 29. Height 5-9. Weight 16-4.
21. Aleco Georgiadis, Greece. Age 26. Height 5-10. Weight 16-4.
22. Titi Boldesevici, Macedonia (Croat). Age 27. Height 5-10 Weight 16-4.
23. Jean Laglan, Finland.
24. Sergei Orloff, Don-Cossack.
25. Mustafa Osman, Egypt.
26 Wong Bock Cheung. China.

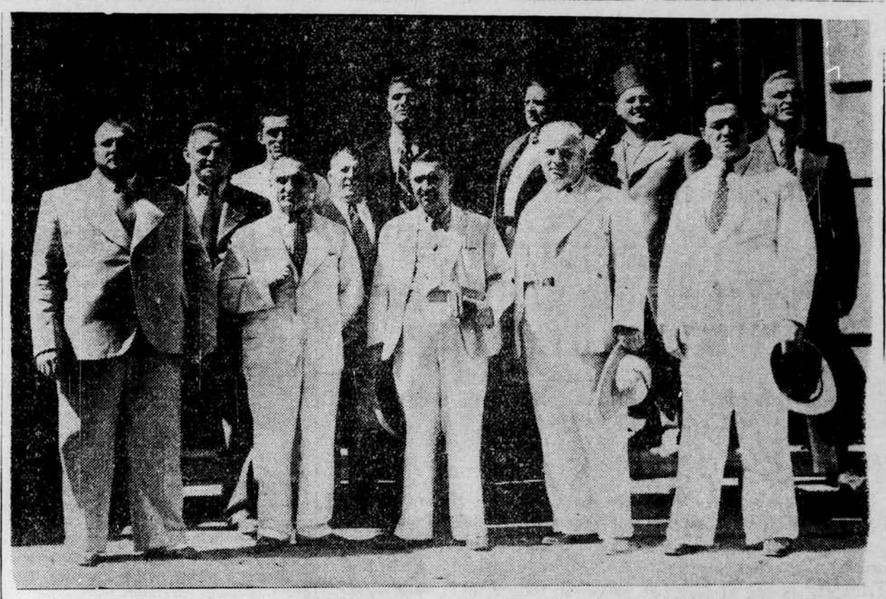
Indian Wrestlers

The Indian contestants in the tournament are:—

1. Harban Singh.
2. Ram Kuber Paray.
3. Mohamed Shariff.
4. Juala Singh.
5. Hansraj Bhiraman.
6. Hanuman Singh.
7. Jagdeo.
8. Ozadar Singn.
9. Ragbir Singh.
10. Santa Singh.
11. Kartak Singh.

Prizes

First Prize: Rs. 10,000 and a Gold Cup.
Second Prize: Rs. 5,000 and a Silver Cup.
Third Prize. Rs. 2,500 and a Silver Cup.



Group of International wrestlers who arrived in Bombay on Monday morning to participate in the forthcoming A.I. Professionals Championship Tournaments, to be held at Brabourne Stadium to-morrow, (W dnesday).

New Era In Indian Civil Aviation

Air Services Of India's Bombay-Kathiawar Scheme Opened: Govt. Help Assured

BOMBAY: Monday.

The Air Service between Bombay and Kathiawar was inaugurated on Monday morning by Sir Thomas Stewart, Communications Member, Government of India at the Juhu Aerodrome in the presence of about five hundred people. The Service between Kathiawar and Bombay is being run by the recently formed Air Services of India, Ltd.

The first 'plane (an eight-seater), which was Christened "City of Bhavnagar" by the member for communication, left Juhu with eight passengers after the service had been declared open.

Wishing the Company all success on behalf of himself, his department and the Government of India, Sir Thomas said that he was confident that there would be nothing between the Company and success, if it was carried out on sound economic principles.

In requesting Sir Thomas Stewart to inaugurate the Service, Mr. Chamanlal Girdharidas said that the Board of the Company cherished the hope that they would gain for the Company an abiding place in the Nation-Building Services of the Country.

Among those present were:—Mr. F. Tymms, Director of Civil Aviation; Mr. Bronner, Chief Engineer, Central P.W.D.; Mr. Vincent, Sir Phiroze Sethna, Mr. Yeastly, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, Mr. Umashanker Dixit and Mr Soonderdas Morarji.

In the course of his speech requesting the member for Communication to inaugurate the Service, Mr. Chamanlal Girdharidas on behalf of the Company in the absence of the permanent President, Lord Ronaldshay, said:—

You are all aware of the deep interest the Hon'ble Sir Thomas Stewart has been taking in the development of Air Transport and in welcoming him here this morning we are availing ourselves of the precious opportunity of giving public expression to our feelings of genuine admiration and gratitude for his uniformly sympathetic policy to ensure for country the facilities of the most modern means of safe, speedy and comfortable transport.

The presence in our midst of Mr. Tymms, the Director of Civil Aviation is a source of unfailing inspiration to all of us who are interested in the problems of Air Transport in India.

Imbued with the enthusiasm of furnishing one more link and that too a most serviceable one between Kathiawar and Bombay, our Mr. Kabali approached in the first instance the States of Kathiawar, for necessary encouragement and support. It was a happy and most appropriate thought on his part to do so. True to their traditions, the States gave their full support to the idea of starting an Air Service between Bombay and the important towns of Kathiawar and promised Mr. Kabali, substantial subsidies.

PROFITS AND PUBLIC SERVICE

May I assure you, that although it will be our constant endeavour to run the Bombay Kathiawar Air Service efficiently and economically so as to realize suitable dividends for the benefit of our shareholders, the principal idea at the back of our minds will be, not profits so much as to provide combats and convenience to the traveling public.

Our aim and ambition will be to enlist the fullest support and encouragement of the public for whose needs our Air Service will cater and we shall pivot all our energies to the fulfilment of the basic object of serving the best interests of the people and satisfying the needs of the progressive times in which we are living. We cherish the hope that we shall gain for our Air Service an abiding place in the Nation Building Services of the country and for the realization of this hope, we look up, not only to the shareholders and the promoters of the Company, but to the general public and also to the States and the Government of India for their cordial help and co-operation.

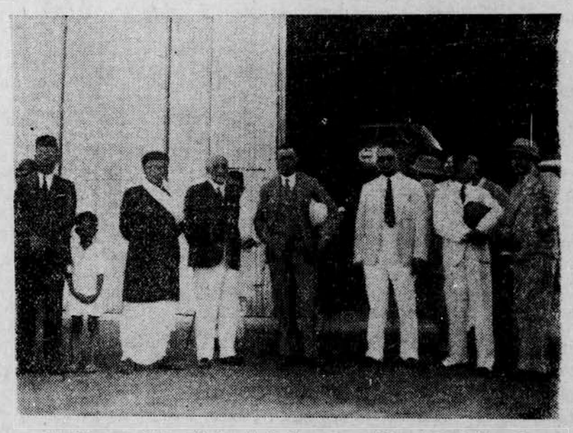
On behalf of the Board, I may assure you, that our Air Services will be maintained in the best up-to-date style and will ensure, speed with safety and punctuality to the precision of the Sun.

SIR THOMAS' SPEECH

Sir Thomas Stewart in inaugurating the service said that it was a source of extreme delight to him that he should have been asked to perform the pleasant function on the eve of his taking charge of the Portfolio of Communications. He was no stranger to Bombay and he was aware of the spirit of enterprise that was prevalent in the city. Calling the Company Air Services of India involved serious responsibilities to the public and the speaker noted with gratification that the company were aware of those responsibilities.

He felt confident that by pursuing the principles set out in Mr. Chamanlal's speech, and sound and economic principles, there should be nothing between the company and success. He did not want to be responsible for the delay in the departure of the very first 'plane of the company by taking more time and wished the company all success on behalf of himself, his department and the Government of India.

Sir Thomas then, christened the 'plane as City of Bhavnagar The passengers, who included the Prince from Nawanagar were weighed before they got into the 'plane, which was a mere speck, two minutes after it took off. The 'plane will reach Bhavnagar at 8-15 a.m. and arrive at Rajkot an hour later, touches Jamnagar at 10-20 a.m. and reaches Porbunder at 11 a.m.



Sir Thomas Stewart (centre), Commerce Member of the Government of India inaugurated the Bombay-Kathiawar Airplane Service on Monday morning at Juhu Aerodrome.

Sir Thomas inaugurates the Service.

The All-India Railway Women's Conference, under the presidentship of Mr. V R. Kalappa adopted a resolution urging the Government not to give effect to the Federation scheme and to reject the Mudie report.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

IT IS SHE

"And Bazin?" asked Athos.

"He is guarding the door while I watch the window."

"Good!" said Athos. "You are good and faithful servants."

Athos sprang from his horse, gave the bridle to Grimaud, and advanced towards the window, after having made a sign to the others to go towards the door.

The little house was surrounded by a low hedge, two or three feet high. Athos jumped over the hedge and went up to the window, on which there were no shutters, only half-curtains closely drawn. In order to look over the curtain he mounted the skirting-stone. By the light of a lamp, he saw a woman, wrapped in a dark mantle, seated upon a stool near a dying fire.

THE FACE AT THE WINDOW

She had placed her elbows on a rough table and leaned her head upon her two hands, which were as white as ivory.

Athos could not distinguish her countenance, but a sinister smile passed over his lips. There was no mistake; it was she whom he sought.

At this moment a horse neighed. Milady raised her head, saw Athos' pale face close to the panes, and screamed.

Seeing that he had been recognized, Athos pushed the window in with his hand and knee. The splintered glass fell into the room with a loud crash, and the next instant Athos stood in the room like the spectre of vengeance.

Milady rushed to the door and opened it.

F66.

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THESE 2 standard "Flex" Shoes are now made on entirely new lasts recently imported from one of the greatest Last-makers in Europe, which ensure a perfect fit for any normal foot. Flex Agents everywhere stock the Flex standard lines made on these up-to-date lasts and your local Agent will be pleased to show you the smart, comfortable shapes available.

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The very food you eat either develops or destroys you. What you eat, how much you eat, when and how, is recording every day, every night whether you are climbing up or digging down. Millions of people are digging down, deeper and deeper, into their graves.

Why? Because the things we eat, the things we drink are continually creating acid poisons in the system. When this acid becomes excessive, we get stomach distresses, dangerous acid indigestion, sour stomach, wind, colds, headaches, neuralgia or rheumatic pains.

It is dangerous to neglect this situation. What you need at once is to ease the pain and neutralize this excess acidity

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is the only remedy of its kind that does exactly these two things—two results accomplished at one and the same time.

Dissolve one or two tablets of ALKA-SELTZER in a glass of water and drink it. Your pain will ease and your relief from distress will be amazingly quick and refreshing. Then in case you make the error of over-eating or over-drinking, ALKA-SELTZER will always come to your rescue. Try it today.

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If unobtainable at your Chemists send Rs. 2 for large size, or Re. 1 for small size, with your chemist's name to Dodge & Seymour Ltd., 3, Wittet Road, Bombay.

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Celebes	"	8th	Nov	23rd	Nov
London	"	3rd		8th	Dec.
Muko	"	14th	Dec.	25th	

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LITERARY CONFERENCE BANNED

"Peculiar Local Conditions" Prevent Co-operation

HUBLI: October 30.

Recently the Karnataka Sahitya Parishad of Bangalore wrote to the Jamkhandi State Durbar for permission to hold the Kannada Sahitya Sammelan in the limits of the State and also requesting the Durbar's sympathy and co-operation in making the Sammelan a success.

To that the Dewan, Mr. R. K. Bhagawat, replied that he had been directed by the Raja Saheb that he went through the literature with great interest and was much pleased with the useful work done by the Parishad.

The reply added 'The Raja Saheb has also considered your request for holding a Conference in the state and he has regretfully come to the conclusion that owing to the peculiar local conditions in the state, it would not be advisable to extend the state's support to the Conference. If one is at all to be held within the limits of the state."

This subject was discussed with Mr. N. C. Kelkar, while he was at Belgaum on the 28th instant, by Mr. Chikkodi, the Secretary of the Karnatak Unification Committee.

Mr. Kelkar said "It would have been better if the Durbar had shown some sympathy with the Sammelan, as it deals with language and culture of a large number of the state people. I should expect more sympathetic attitude from the state as I suppose the Sammelan is not apparently passing any resolutions on political matters affecting the state.

On the other hand I expect and hope that the Sammelan will make it clear by its resolutions and speeches that only the cultural development of Kanada speaking people in the state is the concern of the Sammelan.

'It is the legitimate right of the Kanada speaking population in Jamkhandi state to seek the assistance and co-operation even from outsiders, especially Kannada Pandits and learned men in the interest of their cultural development.

The Mahratta Sahitya Sammelan, for instance, was held in states like Gwalior, Indore and Baroda and even in Hyderabad. In some of these states even active sympathy was shown by the Durbars towards the Sammelan and I see no reason why Jamkhandi state should not follow the same liberal policy."

Sequel To Lalbaug Scuffle Scuffle

BOMBAY, Monday.

During two meetings a scuffle followed between the members of the Bombay Mill Workers' Union and Girni Kamgar Union at the Lalbaug Maidan on the evening of 24th last in which some persons of the former union sustained serious injuries. In this connection, One Tukaram Tulsiram Suryavanshi has been arrested by the Kalachowki Police and was ordered to be remanded into police custody till the 12th of November at the Dadar Court today.

DANA BUNDER STRIKERS ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Monday.

Two persons were arrested today at Dana Bunder, where the Hamals are on strike for the past two weeks.

It was alleged that some of the strikers prevented "blacklegs" from attending to work. The police arrived on the scene and took two strikers into custody. The strikers have remained calm.

There is no change in the strike situation at the Crown Mill. A few hundred strikers are still holding out. Peaceful picketing continues.

"INDRADEV" DANCE RECITAL

At The Opera

(By Our Dramatic Critic)

The Dutch dancer known by the stage name of "Indradev" presented on Sunday morning at the Opera House a programme of varied interest to an appreciative audience. Indradev's training at the various dance centres in India has evidently given him more concrete idea about the dance as it actually exists in India. His continental experience and library fervour and sentiments seem to have been wholesomely counterbalanced by work and study in the country. Sjt. Kanaiyalal Vakil who introduced the dancer and his colleagues referred to the educative aim of their present venture. The demonstration at the Opera House was indicative of what Indradev and his companion Peter Van, Hoboken, interested in Indian and Western music, intend to work for in Europe. They had not thought of their dances as having either the same professional aim or outlook as those of Uday Shankar or Menaka. Their enterprise was essentially educative and as such was welcome. Their intention was to return to India to learn more in the light of their European experience and appreciation.

"Gandharva", and "Madan Bhasma" showed Indradev's growing skill. It was in "Indra", however, that the young Dutch artiste revealed himself responsible to the dance spirit implied in the traditional technique. He found himself tolerated from the stiffness and strain noticeable in those who see in the accuracy of rhythmic exercise the beginning and end of pseudo "classic" dancing.

Madhan Singh Pakhvaji's performance rivelled attention and reminded one how the vast possibilities of Indian rhythm was seldom employed in the "classical" Hindusthani or Karnatic dances.

Peter Van Hoboken's modest orchestra was transparently improvised. But the intelligent discrimination with which he guided it was refreshing—particularly, during "Gandharva", "Indra" and "Madan Bhasma". The monotonous screeching of the one phrase patented for "classical" exercise all too common on the stage, was, however, not altogether absent.

Hajis' Return Passages

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read your report in your paper re: Haj Pilgrims who want to go to Haj to spend the Ramzan there; it is really good of you to take interest in such questions and I feel sure in their interest you will publish the following as I am anxious that true and real position may be realised and needful may be done so that our poor Hajis may not be lying at Jeddah longing for pure water to drink and starving.

I do not know whether the Haj Committee or for the matter of fact any Muslim body has made definite arrangement to bring back Hajis when they as your report says advise Hajis to deposit a certain amount in preference to buying a return.

Thousands of people are going to Europe, Africa, Iraq, China and Japan every year and they arrange for themselves their return passages. It is risky to rely on the off-chance of getting a boat when one wants and above all at the price one has deposited or one can afford in these days. So far as pilgrims to Jeddah are concerned this is a special voyage to be completed within three or the most four months and during this period the number is also fairly large and further very few boats trade on this route, therefore, I submit that for the poor Hajis it is essential to make, before they start for the Pilgrimage, a definite arrangement for return rather than to take any risk.

The proposition that return tickets may be lost is one which in these days should not be seriously countenanced for in that state one cannot be considered to be fit for travel. What is required is to ask the Steamship Companies to register the passengers' name at Jeddah against the number of his ticket; further to get the number of the ticket put or get written on the Passport and get it registered at the British Consulate at Jeddah when on arrival there the Passport is registered.

It has often happened in the past that when Hajis have travelled by stray boats they have been stranded because only the regular Liners arrange to meet the requirements of its return tickets No one Company, howsoever good can be expected to run its boats on the off chance of getting return passengers.

Let me assure, Sir, the deposit will not be of much avail because one does not know what rates will be charged from time to time; it will depend on supply and demand —Yours etc

HAJI GHULAM MAHOMED AHMED.

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BUT WHAT GIRL WOULDN'T MAKE THE CHANGE FOR
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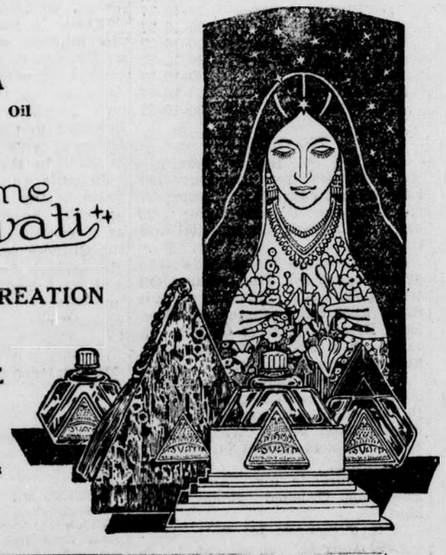
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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 16 POINTS DOWN

Gold Better And Wheat Firm But Base Metals Easy

BOMBAY, November 1

On Monday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton was easy following weakness of Liverpool and Bombay.

GOLD BETTER

London gold was better and silver was unchanged.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat was firm. Base metals were easy.

SECURITIES STEADY

The London Stock Exchange was dull and easier owing to the lack of interest. Giltedged securities kept steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937

New York, Nov 1

Previous closing	8.04
To-day's opening	8.01
Difference	—03
To-day's closing	7.88
Difference	—16

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Nov 1

Previous closing	4.63
To-day's opening	4.62
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	4.57
Difference	—06

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 154-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov 1

Cotton was somewhat depressed by easiness of Liverpool and Bombay cables with prices showing further declines. There was very little in news to stimulate business either way with the result that after the initial fall movements were narrow.

Trading in December began at 8.01 i.e. 3 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on easiness of Liverpool and Bombay cables with scattered hedge selling while further selling pressure reduce the price to 7.98. Thereafter steadier tone developed

New York cotton finally closed at 7.88 with a decline of 16 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 1

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (8.06/8.06) 8.01/8.00
January (8.02/8.02) 7.95/7.95
March (8.01/8.01) 7.95/7.95

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 1

American December (4.63) 4.61
American January (4.63) 4.60
Sakels November (6.15) 6.19
Sakels January (6.47) 6.43

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Nov 1

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 157 and Rs. 155-10. The closing rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 155-12.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov 1

The rates at 2-30 p. m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-4 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-1) 2-1

JUTE

New Crop October November (£21 1/16 paid and sellers) £21 paid and sellers
Dunlop November (£23 3/4 sellers) £23 3/4 sellers.
Lightning November (£22 3/4 sellers) £22 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 5/8 buyers) 7 3/8 buyers
Forward January March (7 3/4 paid and buyers) 7 9/16 paid and sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay November December (14 3/8 sellers) £14 1/2 sellers
Linseed Calcutta November December (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 3/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata November (£13 1/2 sellers) £13 9/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal December (£12 13/16 sellers) £12 11/16 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov 1

Liverpool wheat opened firm with December at 104 1/4 and March 100. The market displayed considerable activity following steady overseas cables and private cables indicating the crop damage in Argentine with sales of Australian cargo having good effect but subsequently the session quietened down.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov 1

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.96 3/4. Prices advanced on scattered commission house buying but the general enquiry was restricted by uncertain foreign cables.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association)

Bombay, Nov 1

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 1 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 1 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	payment.
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8 1 6

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Nov 1

Previous closing	4.96 1/8
To-day's opening	4.96 1/16
To-day's closing	4.96 1/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov 1

Previous closing	4.96.40
To-day's opening	4.96.15
To-day's closing	4.96.17

FRANC RATE

London, Nov 1

Previous closing	147.12
To-day's opening	147.12
To-day's closing	147.10

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 1

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.96.20 and then improved to 4.96.30 on scattered support but thereafter eased to 4.96.12.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.96 1/8

Franc opened at 147.12 and then weakened to 147.22.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 147.10.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.110) 11.111
New York on Bombay (37.50) 37.50
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 1/4
London on Milan (94.35) 94.27
London on Shanghai (1-2 7/32) 1-2 7/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£209 1/2 buyers £209 3/4 sellers. Barely steady) £206 1/4 buyers £206 1/2 sellers. Easy.

Lead (£18 5/16 buyers £18 3/8 sellers. Barely steady) £17 11/16 buyers £17 3/4 sellers. Easy.

Electrolytic Copper (£48 to £50) £48 1/2 to £49 1/2.

Glasgow Iron sh. (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov 1

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"Business small. Market quiet".

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 1

Spot	(19 7/8d.) 19 7/8d.
Forward	(19 7/8d.) 19 7/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 1

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-4 1/2) £7-0-5 1/2

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Nov 1

Liverpool wheat October closed at 104 7/8 as against the previous closing at 103 3/8.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 1

Wheat January	5 6 6
Wheat May	5 2 3
Linseed	8 2 0

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov 1

The market was closed to-day.

Baroda Economic Association

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, October 29.

The annual general meeting of the Baroda Economic Association was held to-day evening under the presidentship of Mr. S. V. Mukerjea, the president of the Association.

Mr. M. K. Desai, the Secretary read the report and accounts. Rajmitra B. D. Amin was elected president. Seth Ishwarlal Zhaverlaxmichand was elected chairman of the managing committee, and Mr. M. K. Desai as the secretary and Mr. N. N. Makati, treasurer.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 1

The market was closed to-day.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov 1

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling closed at £92 3/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov 1

2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
3 per cent Indian (£92 1/2) £92 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115 1/2) £115 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/4) £108 1/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109) £109

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 3/4) £74 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£101) £101 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/8) £107 1/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£111 1/8) £111 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100 1/2) £100 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 1/2) £110 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 1

2-30 p.m.

Giltedgeds were firm. Other sections were dull and easier owing to the lack of fresh support but there was no real selling pressure. Internationals fluctuated narrowly.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (107-6) 106-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (63-7 1/2) 63-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (£5 1/2) £5 1/8
Musical Industries (18-6) 18-6
Princhin Johnson (41-4 1/2) 41-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical (36-3) 36-7 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (72-6) 73-0
Realisation 1930 (£83 1/2) £83
Dunlop Rubber (34-3) 34-3
Unilever Ordinary (37-7 1/2) 37-7 1/2
Ford Motors (24-7 1/2) 24-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£66 3/4) £66 3/4
British American Tobacco (109-4 1/2) 109-4 1/2
Carreas A (£8 5/8) £8 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (152-6) 152-6
P and O S N Company Deferred (26-0) 26-0
Distillers (108-6) 108-6
Bredfords Dyers (£6 1/4) £6
British Celanese (£5 1/4) £4 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (43-10 1/2) 43-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (49-7 1/2) 49-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-3) 7-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (27-9) 27-9
Inter Nickels (£48 1/4) £47 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (72-6) 71-3
Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-10 1/2) 21-6
Donaro Teas (47-6) 48-9
Empire of India (36-0) 36-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (31-9) 31-9
Gula Kelampong (28-9) 28-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-9) 30-6 ex div.

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (49-4 1/2) 50-0
Burma Corporation (15-3) 15-3
Rio Tintos (£17 1/4) £16 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (56-10 1/2) 56-3 1/2
Rand Mines (£7 7/8) £7 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14) £13 7/8
Associated Portland Cement (90-0) 90-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (107-6) 105-0
Sub Nigel (£10 1/4) £10 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-10 1/2) 31-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£8 1/4) £8 ex div.

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (43-9) 43-9
Anglo Iranian (85-0) 84-4 1/2 ex div.
Burma Oil (121-3) 120-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (12-10 1/2) 12-10 1/2
Shell Transport (101-3) 100-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£40 1/4) £40 1/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62 3/4) £62 3/4
L and S Ordinary (£30 3/4) £30 3/4
L N E R Deferred (£4 5/8) £4 3/8
Southern Dutch (£20) £20
London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/4) £124 1/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£79 1/4) £79 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov 1

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 43 3/8) dol 42 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 31 1/2) dol 30 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 63 7/8) dol 61 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 115 1/2) dol 114 1/2

Bikaner, Oct. 31.—Mr. G. V. Bewoor, Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, gave a party today in honour of the Maharajah of Bikaner on the occasion of the opening of the new Imperial Post Office Building.—A.P.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE WEAK

Wall Street Dull

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Nov 1

On the Stock Exchange the new account opened disappointingly, the buying interest being at a very low ebb and prices mostly inclined to sag.

Giltedged securities exceptionally displayed strength at the outset but many earlier gains were lost in subsequent profit-taking

In commodities Rubber declined a farthing owing to liquidation on the unreceptive market but steadied at the lower level.

Wall Street opened dull on pre-holiday market.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Nov 1

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton January	15	12	3
Punjab January	13	8	9
Desi American January	17	2	6
Tone quiet.			
Wheat November	29	12	3
Wheat December	30	1	6
Wheat January	30	7	6
Wheat July	27	13	3
Tone steady.			
Gram November	22	15	3
Gram December	23	3	3
Gram July	22	6	6
Toria November	40	5	6
Toria December	40	0	0
Toria February	37	15	6
Cottonseed January	15	11	9

JUTE SHARES FAIRLY STEADY

Fair Business In Coals

CALCUTTA, Nov 1

Jutes opened slightly easier than the closing of the previous week and business was also restricted. The closing however kept fairly steady.

Coals continued a better market and a fair business was put through. Teas kept more or less setady. Miscellaneous: Indian Irons and Burmas kept steady. Others also showed very little alterations. Government securities were unchanged. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three and half per cent Government paper 98/11; five and half per cent loan 1938/40 103/2.

Railways: Ahmadpur Katwa Rly 94 ex div; Burdwan Cutwa Railway 94 ex div; Katakhal Lalbazar 95/8 ex div.

Cotton: New Victoria 1/6.

Coals: Aldih 5; Amalgamated 29/1; Bengal Bhatdee 3/10; Bhalgora 6/12; Bokaro and Ramgur 22/2; St. Bodhemo Main 14/2; Equitable 44/2; East Indian 30/1; Ghusick and Muslia 5/10; Kuardi 2/5; Khas Kajora ordy 13/6; Mundulpore 11/6; Nazira 10/7; New Beerbhoom 25/8; North Damuda 8/6 C Div; North-West fully paid 15 small lot; Raneegunge 40; Parasea 2/4; Satpukuria and Asansol 1/11; Rewa 28/4; Searsole 7/4; Talcher 2/6; Union 26; West Jamuria 32 small odd lot.

Jutes: Auckland 174; Barnagore 132; Dalhousie 318; Delta pref 122/8; Dalhousie 318; Howrah 51/14; Karmahatty 506; Presidency 4/2; Reliance 64/8; Reliance pref 153 C Div.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 10/11; Consolidated Tin 8; Indian Copper 3; Rhodesia Copper 2/8; Tavoy Tin 2/9; Dalmia Cement Ordy 11/6; Do defd 3/5; do pref 99/8; Frank Ross 6/4; British India Electric 7/8; Britannia Engineering 1/10; Indian Malleable Casting ordy 7/12; Hukumchand Steel 12/12; do defd 3/10; Indian Iron 48/12; Indian Standard Wagon ordy 53; Kumardhubi Engineering pref 86; do ordy 3/12; Marshalls 1/13; Steel Corporation pref 85; Steel Corporation ordy 8/8 odd lot; Bararee Coke 19/3; British India Corporation ordy 4/5; Calcutta Silk ordy 11/4; Ivan Jones 2/8; Macfarlane ordy 7/12; Walford Transford Tranmo 2/1; B B Petrol 5/4, Moola Oil 1/14; Bengal Paper 104 small lot; India Paper Pulp 144/8; Orient Paper 2; Shree Gopal Paper 9/8; small odd lot; Midnapore Zemindary 90; India General Navigation ordy 120; Balrampore Sugar 11/12; Cawnpore 21/8; Sri Gunga Sugar 10/8.

Teas: Hasimara 48/4; Hansqua 12/8; Rutema 12/4; Sapoi 11/2.

Debentures: Six per cent 1925 Calcutta Port Trust 125 small lot.—A. P.

END OF FIJI CRISIS

Indian M. L. A.s Attend Legislature: Govt. To Issue Statement

NEW DELHI, Nov. 1.

The "United Press" learns that the Indian Members of the Fiji Legislative Council have started attending its sessions and the so-called political crisis has ended.

The Government of India are expected to make an official statement shortly.—United Press.

INDIA'S AGENT IN EAST AFRICA

NEW DELHI, Nov. 1.

The appointment of the Government of India's Agent in East Africa is yet under discussion between Delhi and the Colonial Office.

Considerable progress in negotiations has been made but the final decision would take time.—United Press.

Sir Raza Ali's Successor

NEW DELHI, Nov. 1.

The "United Press" learns that the Government of India have under consideration the question of appointment of a successor to Sir Raza Ali as Agent General in South Africa.

Sir Raza Ali's term expires in February, 1938 but an announcement with regard to the appointment will be made early in December.—United Press.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Nov. 1.

Turner Morrison s.s. Nizam of 3,334 Reg. tons, Capt. M. J. McLure, arrived on 30th ultimo from Rangoon via Colombo, Trivandrum, Alleppey, Cochin, Ponani and Tellicherry with cargo of rice and timber.

B. I. S. N. s.s. Ellora, of 2,586 Reg. tons, Capt. P. Fairbairn, arrived on 31st ultimo from Karachi, Cutch Mandvi in water ballast.

L. Dreyfus s.s. Charles L. D. of 3,126 Reg. tons, Capt. Le Falehin, arrived on 31st ultimo from Antwerp via Alegeris, Port Said, Porebunder and Verawal with cargo of groundnuts oil cake.

F. F. Campbell s.s. Pres. Hayes of 6,195 Reg. tons, Capt. K. M. Graham arrived on 31st ultimo from New York via American ports Kobe, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

L. Triestino s.s. Conte Biancamano of 13,841 Reg. tons, Capt. G. Ferrara, arrived from Genoa via Naples, Port Said, Suez and Massowa with passengers and general cargo.

Swedish Yacht Southern Cross of 734 Reg. tons, Capt. S. Hallstorm, arrived from Stockholm via Algiers, Naples, Port Said and Aden in ballast.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Nov. 1.

L. Triestino s.s. Conte Biancamano of 13,841 Reg. tons, Capt. G. Ferrara sailed for Shanghai via Colombo with passengers and in ballast.

G. Trading s.s. Gardenia of 2,316 Reg. tons, Capt. J. H. Beare sailed for Antwerp via Hull with local cargo.

T. Morrison s.s. Alavi of 2,161 Reg. tons, Capt. A. Constantin sailed for Jeddah, Red Sea Ports via Karachi and Aden with local cargo and pilgrims.

F. F. Campbell s.s. Pres. Hayes of 6,195 Reg. tons, Capt. K. M. Graham sailed for New York via Suez with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

L. Dreyfus s.s. Charles L. D. of 3,126 Reg. tons, Capt. L. F. Pane sailed for Port Said for orders with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING.

The following vessels booked for Loading on 1-11-1937:—

S. S. Tuscania (Anch. Line) for Europe and American Ports via Kathiawar Coast Ports and Karachi.

S. S. Narkunda (M.M.) for Australian Ports via Colombo.

S.S. Victoria (L. T.) for Europe and American Ports via Aden.

S. S. Cressington Court (M. B. K) for Japan Ports via Cutch Mandvi, Bedi Bunder, Karachi, Marmagoa and Madras.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Nov. 1.

2 Warfield 3805, Kingdom, 1-11, M. M.
3 City of Benares, 6720 Karachi 5-11-37 K. Nixon.
5 Durenda, 4450, Karachi, 1-11, M M and Co.
8 Manela 5041 London 2-11-37 M. M.
11 Pres. Hayes, 3,195, New York, 2-11, F. F. Campbell.
12 Charles L. D. 3,126, Port Said, for orders 2-11. L. Dreyfus.
13 Kidderpore, 3,262 Japan, N. F. M. M.
14 Falkenfels, 3,852, Antwerp, 2-11, L. Edwards.
15 Gurdenia, 2,416, Hull, 2-11, Graham's Trading.
16 Toyama Maru, 4,386, Kobe, 3-11, N. Y. Kaisha.

Victoria Dock

1 Volpi, 3,061, Karachi, 2-11, L. Triestino.
3 Baroda, 1888, P.-Gulf, 3-11, M M and Co.
4 Vasna, 2,026, Basra, 4-11, M. M.
5 Hashemi, 298 M. Coast, 4-11, S. Hassum.
6 Santagata, 2,742, Port Said for orders, 1-11-37, L. Dreyfus.
9 Jalaveera, 3089, Karachi, 1-11, Scindia S N Co., Ltd.
(10-11) Chyebassa, 4022, Calcutta, 3-11, M M and Co.

Prince's Dock

A Janaki, 530, Malabar Coast, 4-11, Malabar Steamship, Ltd.
B Nizam, 3,334, Rangoon, 7-11, T. Morrison.
F. Alavi, 2161, Jeddah, 2-11-37, T. Morrison.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathaird 18-11-37 P. & O.
Narkunda 4-11-37 P and O
Ranpura 11-11-37 P and O
Strathnaver 7-11-37 P. & O. S. N.
Rajputana 28-10-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

Tuscania 3-11-37 Anchor Line.
Clan Skene 2-11-37 James Finlay

FROM SYDNEY

[illegible] S. N.

FROM GENOA

Victoria 30-11-37 L. Triestino.

FROM OSLO

Simla 27-10-37 L. Edwards

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tango Maru 30-10-37 N Y Kaisha
London Maru 23-11-37 O. S. Kaisha.
Celebes Maru 8-11-37. O. S. Kaisha
Mikage Maru No. 18 18-11-37 N. Y. K.
Toyooka Maru 15-11-37 N. Y. K.

FROM HAMBURG

Ukenfels, 18-11, L. Edwards.
Lindenfels 4-11-37 L. Edward.

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Hayes, 30-10-37 F. F. Campbell.
New Orleans 8-11-37, L. Edwards.

FROM BASRA

Vasna 30-10-37 M M.

FROM DURBAN.

Takliwa 27-11-37 M M.
Karanja. 13-11-37. M. M.

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalaveera, 30-10-37. Sc. S. N.

FROM KARACHI

Toyama Maru 4-11-37 N. Y. K.
Ellora 31-10-37 M. M.
Vita, 4-11-37. M. M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathnaver 13-11-37 P. & O.
Maloja 20-11-37 P. & O.
Manela 2-11-37 P and O S N
Mongolia 6-11-37 P and O S N
Bangalore 23-11-37 M. M.

FOR SYDNEY

Starthaird 18-11-37 P and O
Narkunda 4-11-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Simla, 10-11-37, Killick Nixon.
City of Benares 19-11-37, Killick Nixon.
Tuscania 10-11-37 Anchor Line.

FOR HAMBURG

Wartenfels 28-10-37 L. Edwards
Falkelfels 31-10-37 L. Edwards.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Monroe 12-11-37 F F Campbell
Pres. F. Adams, 26-11-37, F. F. Campbell.
Pres. Hayes 1-11-37, F. F. Campbell.

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde, 16-11-37, L. Triestino.

FOR GENOA.

Victoria 3-11-37, L Triestino.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

Conte Biancamano 1-11-37, L Triestino.
Borneo Maru 25-10-37. O S Kaisha
Toyama Maru, 4-11-37, N. Y. Kaisha
Taijin Maru 8-11-37, O S Kaisha
Ranpura 11-11-37. P. and O.
Tango Maru 13-11-37 N. Y. K.
Mikage Maru No. 18 22-11-37 N. Y. K.
Celebes Maru 23-11-37 O. S. K.

FOR KARACHI.

Vita 6-11-37 M. M.
Ellora 7-11-37 M. M.

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 2-11-37. T. Morrison.

FOR BASRA.

Vasna 4-11-37 M M.
Baroda 3-11-37. M. M.
Barpeta, 10-11-37, M M
Varsova 11-10-37 M. M.

FOR DURBAN.

Karanja, 24-11-37. M. M.
Tairea, 10-11-37. M. M.

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S. S. "Italy Maru"	29-10-37.
S.S. "City of Benares"	29-10-37
S. S. "Kalavati"	30-10-37
S. S. "Cambay Star"	30-10-37
S. S. "Sophie Marie"	30-10-37
S. S. "Jenaki"	30-10-37
S. S. "Jalaveera"	30-10-37
S. S. "Nawab"	30-10-37

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Nov. 1.

S.S. Manela for London:—120 bags G. nut cake, M. Bhita; 37 cases Bristles, D. Abraham; 26 bales cotton rags, Champaklal and Co.

S. S. Tascania for Glasgow:—50 drums castor oil, The Gujarat Oil Mill; 1,980 bags Mussoor, Ralli Bros; 1,358 bags Linseed oil cake, Ralli Bros; 6,111 bags G. nut oil cakes, Ralli Bros; 3,920 bags G. nut oil cakes, L. Dreyfus.

S. S. City of Benares for Liverpool:—75 bales wool raw, H. Hirji; 19 bags wool raw, Bombay Co.; 100 bales Cotton Twist Waste, Barat Bros.; 23 bags G. nut oil cake, A. Oomerbhoy.

S. S. Durenda for Antwerp:—2,646 bags Crushed Bones, Craft Mody.

S. S. Falkenfels for Rotterdam:—4,000 bags G. nut oil cakes, A. Oomerbhoy.

For Piarus:—1,215 bags Linseed, A. H. Diab.

For Salonica:—26 bags Groundnuts, R. Shantilal.

For Hamburg:—2,800 bags G. nut oil cake, H. Rawji.

For Mersina:—150 bales cotton Grey Yarn, A. E. Ejel.

For Wellington:—18 bales cotton, Twist waste, B. Uttamram.

S. S. Charles L. D. for Port Said:—700 bags G. nut oil cake, L. Dreyfus.

S. S. Warfield for Antwerp:—220 bales cotton raw, Bombay Company.

S. S. Toyama Maru for Yokohama:—240 bales cotton raw, T. M. Kaisha.

For Kobe:—1,360 bales cotton raw, T. M. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Trading; 847 bales cotton raw, N. Nagshi; 800 bales cotton raw, G. K. Kaisha.

IMPORTS

Bombay, Nov. 1.

S. S. Anyo Maru, Agents N. Y. Kaisha from Chimamps:—5,250 bags corn starch.

From Singapore:—1,619 bags Sago flour, 40 bags Tapioca flour.

From Penang:—271 bags Tapioca Pearl.

From Colombo:—5,750 bags Copra.

From Hongkong:—113 pkgs Fire Crackers, 250 bags sugar candy, 90 cases Elect. Goods.

From Kobe:—531 cases cotton Art Silk Mix piecegoods, 142 cases Rayon piecegoods, 154 cases Camphor, 70 cases Silk Yarn, 1,010 cases cotton piecegoods, 200 cases woollen piecegoods, 85 cases cotton fents, 33 cases Bobbin, 95 cases Silk piecegoods, 768 cases Silk piecegoods, 768 cases Rayon and cotton piecegoods, 198 cases Rayon Yarn, 55 cases cotton yarn, 82 cases Celluloid goods, 35 cases cotton varn, 52 cases Elect. Bulbs, 30 bags cotton yarn, 60 cases cotton Jeans, 32 pces Motor Car Tyres, 240 bags Stone Powder, 50 cases Slate, 1,588 bags Strawboard.

SEA CUSTOMS ACT IN ACTION

"In Europe and in Asia the people fighting for their lives and lands against Fascism and Imperialism look to India as a mighty comrade in the common struggle", said Mr. S. Mahmuduzzaffar Khan, President Jawaharlal Nehru's Secretary who returned from Europe by s.s. "Conte Biancamano" after six months' tour of the continent and England.

During his six months abroad, he said, he had been little more than a casual spectator of the great issues that are being fought out in Europe to-day. But he had seen enough to convince him more firmly than ever that the Fascist reaction which stalks across those lands is losing support even behind its own lines, while the struggle of the peoples for freedom, democratic liberties, economic concessions, for culture, for peace grows more mighty every day.

By this he did not wish to imply that Fascism is defeated and that the people have come out on top. On the contrary, in Spain the issue is still in gravest doubt.

OPPORTUNITIES IN INDIA

Referring to recent events in India he said: Changes have also taken place in India during the last six months. The Congress, after its victories in the elections has settled down to implementing its pledges. Immense possibilities of solid organizational work and political propaganda open out in a way unknown before, and the Congress Ministries are no doubt making the most of this situation.

In spite, however, of the greatly enhanced prestige and power of the Congress it would be wrong to imagine that real power or freedom have been won; that Imperialism has become weaker or more vulnerable.

His little personal experience on arrival in India confirmed him in this. "Under the mysteriously potent Sea Customs Act", he said, "my wife's luggage and mine was ransacked, my books (which are not even proscribed) and private papers arbitrarily detained and I myself subjected to humiliating personal search in the public lavatory of the Ballard Pier. I must say that in all my travels abroad I was never subjected to the treatment that I had to suffer on my return to my own country. This is not by way of complaint, but illustration."

It shows, he said, that our struggle is still at the beginning; that we have to go very far yet before we can say that we have won Swaraj. "Our acceptance of offices does not mean a slackening but a redoubling of our efforts, both inside and outside the legislatures, along every front, culturral, social, economic, political, to push on the struggle against Imperialism."

INDIA, A FORCE

In Europe and in Asia the people fighting for their lives and lands against Fascism and Imperialism, said Mr. Mahmuduzzaffar, look to India as a mighty comrade in the common struggle. Her millions, once in motion are a force to be reckoned with, they say. A double duty, therefore, falls on us to-day, towards our own people here and towards our brothers in China, in Spain, in Germany and Italy and England; in fact in the whole world.

In this connection we must welcome the resolve of the Congress to boycott Japanese goods as a practical method of helping the Chinese people in their struggle against Japanese Imperialism, and he hoped that steps will be immediately taken to make that boycott universal and thus effective.

TENDERS FOR STERLING

Bombay, Nov 1

On Monday, the first November 1937, tenders to the amount of £70,000 at 1sh. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the tenth November 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

Cotton Markets Decline On Hedge Selling

PROSPECTS OF REVIVAL OF PROCESSING TAX

Mills To Restrict Purchases

Bombay, Nov. 1.

On Saturday the New York cotton market was easy in the absence of speculative activity.

The market opened weak on speculators selling influenced by reports that compulsory crop control may not be enacted in the forthcoming American Congress. The position of the market has been left over to supply and demand. Hopes of Government control next season was encouraged farmers to hold back large quantities and also to take advantage of the loan facilities, however uncertainties over pending legislative measures of minimum hours and wages, combined with fears of additional taxation to provide for crop control has reduced domestic demand Export demand is fairly satisfactory.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York market opened at a decline of 6 points with December 8.06 and advanced on scattered buying upto 8.10 which was the highest level. Later on prices declined six points from the highest level and the market finally closed at a decline of eight points. Spot cotton prices declined eight points at 8.24c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was weak and closed at a decline of twelve points. Spot cotton prices also declined 12 points at 8.10c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of three points with January 4.67 Trade calling and investments buying of new crop absorbed Bombay selling. The market closed at a decline of seven points at 4.63.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was easy, Giza futures closed sixteen points down and Uppers six points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

Alexandria market was easy. Sakels futures closed five points down and Ashmouni futures declined to six points.

LOAN REVISION

The downward tendency has continued and fresh low levels have been reached. The market has been further unsettled by the monetary crisis in France and the continued weakness of security markets in America.

With the cessation October liquidation, "nears" have improved in relation to "distants" on some covering by spot houses in January, and at the time of writing declines range from 20 points in "nears" to 25 points in "distants." Friday's Bureau report is now awaited with a good deal of interest. Recent private crop estimates have shown a tendency to increase—the Daily News Record give 16,605,000 bales, while the Journal of Commerce estimate 17,200,000 bales. Garside gives total production at 20,000,000 bales; this compares with 19,500,000 bales in their previous estimate.

LOAN TERMS.

Temporary steadiness was imparted to the market in the early part of the week, and prices rallied 8 points, on modification of the U.S. "loan" terms —the price on S.L.M. being raised to 8 1/2 cents from 7 3/4 cents and the "loan" extended to cover other lower grades, but the advance was short lived on the lack of real follow-through buying.

The Indian Government are also reported to be likely to attempt some form of "loan" in order to arrest the decline. But the one bold fact emerges from all this, that the weight of cotton is still there and will have to be absorved by the market at some time or another. I see no reason to alter my recent bearish views, and still think the declining tendency will continue.

Egyptian markets have continued to show weakness. A crop estimate of 11,141,000 cantars, including Scarto, against 9,338,000 cantars last year, has led to a withdrawal of support, and prices have declined sharply under general liquidation and hedge-selling.

Gizas have declined 62 points, while Uppers are 40 points down.—"M.G.C."

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. December Highest (10-47 a.m.)	8.10—.2
N Y December Lowest (11-30 a.m.)	8.04—.8
Liverpool January Highest	4.67—.3
Liverpool January Lowest	4.62—.8

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

New York.—Easing spot basis bringing Southern selling weakening December. Bombay and Liverpool principal buyers. Domestic trade disinclined to operate either side. Have no strong opinion.

New York.—Hedge selling principal feature. House Agriculture Committee reported in favour of voluntary crop control. Small demand for export and domestic.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends: New York:—

Narrow trading market although prefer purchases weakness for present as further decline likely put cotton into loan tightening position for several months.

Cotton into sight figures point to considerable holdings on farms which makes for inherent technical weakness unless farmers decide to avail themselves more freely of Government loan privilege which consider doubtful at present prices doubt upturns will be maintained at present.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from New York:—

"To obtain subsidy producers must sell about eight million think nearly accomplished henceforth fewer hedges larger loan deliveries hedging low brades ineligible for loan and untenderable on futures may force moderately lower but futures already cent below value obtainable loan favour purchases this level but prepared take advantage further declines."

"Hedging selling principal feature house agricultural committee reported in favour of voluntary crop control. Small demand for export and domestic.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 1.

Following a decline of eight points in New York cotton futures the local market opened to-day at 3 p.m. Rs. 157 for Broach April May and on scattered selling declined to Rs. 156-12-0.

Later on Liverpool was due to open 1 point up, it opened 1 point down and the market declined to Rs. 156/4 market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	156 12 0
Oomra D/J	138 4 0
Oomra March	139 8 0
Bengal D/J	125 4 0
Bengal March	125 12 0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 1.

Bengal F.G.	119/21
C. P. 1	142/44
C. P. 2	133/36
Arvi	133/36
Berar	128/31
Khandesh	123/25
Jalna/Sailu	123/26
Burwah Sanavad	123/26
Mathia	98/103
Broach Fine	145/47
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	179/82
Surat	187/87
Navsari	194/99
Kampala	312/15

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Nov 1

In full-pressed bales.	30-10-37.	Since 1st Sept. This year.
Khandesh		613
Barsi and Nagar	29	756
Berar		6
Central Provinces		48
Total Oomras	29	1,423
Dholera		1,032
N W Provinces	2	457
Sind Punjab	1,222	23,317
Broach		1,406
Coompta and Dharwar	112	4,070
Westerns Northerns		617
Cocoanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		809
American		158
Egyptian, African and Sudan		56,220
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		138
Total	1,265	89,659

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 28th Oct

In full-pressed bales	30-10-37.	This year.
Europe	511	31,273
Japan and China		43,897
Coast Ports	100	14,953
Up-country by Rail		52,507
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		5,909
Total	611	148,539

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales.	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 30-10-37	3949000	3350000
Receipts Yesterday 30-10-37	58000	55000
Exports to date 30-10-37	1632000	1564000
Stock at Ports 29-10-37	3221000	2703000
Stock at Interior Towns 29-10-37	2128000	2266000
Stock at Liverpool 29-10-37	771000	777000
Visible Supply 29-10-37	6676000	6215000
Quantity in sight 29-10-37	6752000	6211000
Quantity out of sight 29-10-37	2957000	3248003

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 29th October	1,174
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	88,394
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	72,917
Increase	15,477

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct. 30.

Broach A/M 1938 op. 160; highest 160; lowest 158; closing 158 1/4.

Oomra D/J. op. 140 1/2; highest 140 1/2; lowest 139; closing 139.

Oomra March op. 141 1/2; highest 141 1/2; lowest 140 1/4; closing 140 1/4.

Bengal D/J op. 126 3/4; highest 126 3/4; lowest 126; closing 126 1/4

Bengal March op. 127 1/4; highest 127 1/4; lowest 126 1/2; closing 126 3/4.

Teji/Mandi for Broach April/May (21-11-37) Rs. 7.

Teji/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs. 18 3/4

Alexandria Market

Alexandria, Oct. 30.

SAKELS—	
November	14.58—
January	14.30—
ASHMOUNI—	
December	9.97—8
February	9.93—5
April	9.97—9
GIZA—	
November	12.34—18
January	12.30—12

Osaka Sampin

Osaka. Nov. 1

December	225.20—60
January	222.30—200
February	221.30—220
March	221.40
May	219.90

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Nov. 1.

To-day the local wheat market remained weak on account of Australian lower offers, and Linseed market was steady. The local market ruled steady.

Linseed May	8 1 3
Wheat January	5 6 3
Wheat May	5 2 6

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Oct. 30.

November	£12-16-3.

Groundnuts & Seeds

Bombay, Nov. 1.

Groundnuts Feb.—	
Opening	31 7 0
Highest	31 8 0
Lowest	31 5 0
Closing	31 7 6
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	33 10 0
Highest	33 12 0
Lowest	33 10 0
Closing	33 11 0
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	17 14 3
Highest	17 14 3
Lowest	17 13 6
Closing	17 13 6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Oct. 30.

December	103 3/8d.
March	98 5/8d.
May	97 5/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Oct. 30.

December	dol 0.96 5/8.
May	dol 0.96.
July	dol 0.90 3/4.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Nov. 1.

Wheat	6,144 cwts.
Linseed	4,805 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	122 cwts.
Gingellyseed	403 cwts.
Poppyseed	37 cwts.
Groundnuts	6,479 cwts.
Rice	18,677 cwts.
Myrabollams	410 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,182 cwts.
Gram	1,023 cwts.
Joowar	323 cwts.
Maize	19 cwts.
Barley	134 cwts.
Bajree	1,586 cwts.
Indian Sugar	942 cwts.

LONDON BULLION MARKET

London, Oct. 13.

Messrs. Samuel Montague and Co. have issued the following report:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £326,406,625 on the 6th instant, showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

Some return of confidence in the French franc has resulted in a slackening of demand for gold from those quarters which fear a further world devaluation of currencies. Consequently the amounts dealt with and the premium over the arbitrage shipping parity with New York have tended to decrease. Altogether during the week under review about £2,790,000 has changed hands at the fixing and the premium has ranged from 2.1/2d to 1d.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold, registered from midday on the 4th instant to midday on the 11th instant:—

IMPORTS.

British South Africa	£1,942,700
British India	245,724
Tanganyika Territory	7,536
Kenya	6,035
Germany	626,941
Belgium	611,442
Netherlands	339,348
France	94,821
Switzerland	19,261
Venezuela	57,310
Other countries	1,906
	£3,953,024

EXPORTS.

U S. A.	£2,148,227
Argentine Republic	2,002,779
Netherlands	900,555
Switzerland	249,185
Yugoslavia	306,447
France	133,277
Finland	23,140
Syria	17,450
Other countries	12,115
	£5,793,175

The s.s. "Kaisar-i-Hind" which sailed from Bombay on October 9th carries gold to the value of about £195,000.

SILVER.

The week under review opened with sellers proving reluctant and, in consequence, modest demand sufficed to bring about a slight improvement in prices to 20.1/16d for cash and 19.15/16d for forward quoted both on Saturday and on Monday. However yesterday, with both the American and Indian markets closed, little interest was shown here and prices declined by 1/8d and 1/16d for the respective deliveries; to-day has seen no change.

The general undertone remains steady.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from midday on the 4th inst. to midday on the 11th inst:—

IMPORTS.

Japan	£22,346
Germany	5,999
Countries	2,305
	£30,650

EXPORTS.

U. S. A.	£111,230
Aden	14,805*
British India	3,380*
New Zealand	4,055*
France	7,760
Iraq	8,683*
Other countries	8,265
	£158,178

*Coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom.

The market in New York was closed for the Columbus Day holiday on the 12th instant.

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 7th to the 13th October was dol 4.96, and the lowest dol 4.95.1/4.

MONEY & EXCHANGES

Bombay, Nov. 1.

B. C. RATES T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK.—
Bank's selling T T 268 1/8
Bank's buying T T 265 7/8

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,102
Bank's buying T T 1,122

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 77 1/2
Bank's buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/4

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 67

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 3/4

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 79 5/8

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 91 5/8

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.95.93 30th ulto.
Japan/London 1/2 1/32 1st instant.
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/16 1st instant
Shanghai/London 1/2 1/4 1st instant.
Java/London 8.96 1st instant.
London/Paris 147.12 30th ulto.
London/Belgium 29.35 1/2 30th ulto.
London/Switzerland 21.47 3/4 30th ulto
London/Berlin 12.35 30th ulto.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 30th ulto
London/New York 4.96.40 30th ulto.
London/Amsterdam 8.98 1/4 30th ulto.
London/Italy 94.35 30th ulto.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £7-0-6 1/2 29th ulto.
Gold £7-0-4 1/2 30th ulto.
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 29th ulto
Silver London Ready 19 7/8 30th ulto
Silver London Forward 19 7/8 29th ulto.
Silver London Forward 19 7/8 30th ulto.
Silver New York Ready 45 29th ulto.
Silver New York Ready 45 30th ulto.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 29th ulto.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 30th ulto.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 29th ulto.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 30th ulto.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

MONEY:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone: Easy

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Oct. 30.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
American Forn. Power Com.	5
American Forn. Power Gold D 5 p.c.	65
Electric Power and Light 7 p.c. Pfd	45
Electric Bond 5 p.c. Pfd.	50
Columbia Gas	10
United Gas Corp.	8
American Tel. and Tel.	154
Western Union Telg.	32 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly.	40
Canadian Pacific Rly	8
Great North Pfd. Rly.	30 1/2
New York Central Rly.	21 1/2
U. S. Rubber	31
Boeing Airplane	24
Bethlehem Steel 7 p.c. Pfd.	99
Steel of Canada	71
Bethelehem Steel	55
National Steel	68
Republic Steel	21
United States Steel	63 1/2
American Rolling Mills	25
United States Smelting	40
Anaconda Copper Mining	31 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	47 1/2
Chrysler Motors	76
General Motors	43 1/4
General Electric	43 1/4
Radio Corp.	14
Union Carbide	80
Socony Oil	17
American Tob B	73
Chase Bank	33 1/2
National City Bank	30 1/2
Sun Life of Canada BID	440
Firestone Rubber	25
Int. Tel. and Tel. 4 1/2 p.c. 1939	88 1/2
Imp. Oil of Canada	19

Standard Oil of Indiana dol 36 has declared a dividend of 25 cents. Extra dividend of 75 cents. Market quiet and firm Reduced margin from Monday should help the market. Turnover 700,000 shares.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 1.

Saturday London gold prices declined 2d. to £7-0-4 1/2 London-Paris Exchange rate was 9 down at 147.12 dollar sterling cross rate was 4.96 1/8.

London silver prices declined to 1/16 at 19 7/8d.

Speculators baught an sold buyers satisfied market was steady. New York silver price was not fixed on Saturday and Montreal features were unchanged for Nov. Del. Shanghai T T on London quoted 1-2 1/4.

The local market will remain entirely closed to-day.

LONDON METALS

London, Oct. 30.

Copper	£43 16 3
Lead	£18 8 9
Spelter	£17 7 6
Tin	£17 6 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Nov. 1.

Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 39-8-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 44-4-0.

Tone:—Steady.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Small Failure

Messrs. Symington and Wilson have issued the following weekly report dated London October 13:—

After an irregular market on Thursday the tone steadied up on Friday and was steady to firm on Monday but yesterday morning on cable advices of heavy liquidation in Singapore and a fall of 7/8 of a Straits cent in the price there, the market here weakened and prices fell about 1/4d. per b. all round compared with those ruling at the close on Monday evening. The decline again brought out buyers and about half of the loss was recovered almost immediately. News of a small failure in the market unsettled things temporarily in the afternoon but the close yesterday evening was about steady

This morning on news of a further fall in Singapore amounting to 5/8 of a Straits cent, the market here opened easier. The slight gain of yesterday disappeared and prices went back to yesterday's opening level. Once again however the low price attracted buyers and at the time of writing the market is fully steady at prices slightly better than the opening.

The highest price at which business has been reported in Ribbed Smoked Sheet on the Spot during the period under review was 8 1/16d. done on Friday and again on Monday and the lowest 7 7/8d. at which business was reported yesterday and to-day. At the time of writing the buyers' price of Standard Sheet on the Spot is 7 15/16d. per lb. and on the week prices show an advance of 1/16d. per lb. all round.

The market has again been under the same influences as those we mentioned in our report last week, namely the unsettled state of affairs on Wall Street and on our own and many of the Continental Stock Exchanges, Amsterdam on this occasion having shown particular weakness. The Stock Exchanges in turn have been under the influence of the political situation and in particular the difficulties which are being experienced by the Mediterranean Powers in coming to agreement regarding Spain. The news which has come to hand yesterday and to-day on this matter makes the outlook regarding agreement slightly more hopeful and this has given some encouragement to markets.

In considering the future of Rubber one must not lose sight of the fact that a Regulation Committee exists and in the event of the price falling any lower, or perhaps even in the event of its remaining at about current levels much longer, there is always the possibility that the Committee may decide to take some corrective steps. Meantime until the Committee themselves make some announcement any rumours to the effect that they intend to meet or act should be treated with great reserve.

DUTCH EAST INDIES SEPTEMBER SHIPMENTS

The figures of these shipments have now come to hand. Shipments of Estate Rubber are put at 19,349 metric tons and those of Native Rubber at 19,600 metric tons, giving a total of 38,949 metric tons. Reduced to long tons these figures are equal to 19,059 tons Estate Rubber and 19,306 tons Native Rubber, giving a total of 38,365 tons.

For the first time since April last the total Dutch Shipments show a deficiency against the permissible exportable amount which for September was 39,000 tons. Analysed the September deficiency shows 1,364 tons Estate Rubber short-shipped and an over-shipment of 729 tons of Native Rubber.

For the first nine months of the year the Dutch Estates are in round figures 6,800 tons behind their permissible exportable amount while the Natives have exceeded their permissible amount by 20,400 tons. The over-shipment of Native Rubber is explained by the fact mentioned in our report of 11th August 1937 that with a view to getting as much Rubber forward as possible the authorities in the Dutch East Indies were already issuing October/December licences to the Natives in August.

The permissible exportable amount of Native Rubber for the October/December quarter is at the rate of 18.577 tons per month or a total of 55,731 tons. Native shipments being already 20,400 tons in excess they will only be able to ship a further 35,300 tons in the October/December quarter, which is at the rate of a little less than 11,800 tons per month. It remains to be seen how the authorities in the Dutch East Indies will deal with this position.

MALAYAN PORT STOCKS

The figures of these stocks at the end of September were published yesterday morning. Stocks in the hands of dealers in Singapore amounted to 32,712 tons while dealers in Penang held 6,313 tons, giving a total of 39,025 tons against 38,368 tons at end August. Stocks awaiting shipment amounted to 10,423 tons against 9,518 tons. Total stocks outside the regulated area in Malaya thus amounted to 49,448 tons against 47,885 tons, a total increase of 1,562 tons.

All markets in the U. S. A were closed yesterday being Columbus Day The closing price of Ribbed Smoked Sheet on the Spot in New York on Monday was 16 5/8 cents buyers (flat parity 8 1/16d. at exchange 4.95 5/8), being a fall of 7/16 of a cent since Tuesday of last week. The closing prices for Rubber on the Commodity Exchange on Monday were—October 16.53 (Tuesday of last week 17.06), December 16.66 (17.20) January 16.71 (17.23), March 16.79 (17.31), May 16.84 (17.39), July 16.92 (17.47) and September 17.00 (17.55).

Stock.—The following figures give the movements of Rubber in the United Kingdom for last week ended 9th October, 1937.

Week ended 9th October, 1937.

	tons Landed	tons Delivered	tons Stock	tons Increase Decrease
London	1,786	931	29,324	855
Liverpool	411	516	21,215	105
Total	2,197	1,447	50,539	750

Week ended 10th October 1936.

	Landed	Delivered	Stock	Decrease
London	434	1,566	42,554	1,132
Liverpool	172	1,438	58,063	1,266
Total	606	3,004	100,617	2,398

Slight Improvement In Foreign Wheat Markets

Local Prices Easy

(From Our Own Correspondent).

DELHI, Oct. 27.

The current quotations of wheat as compared with those ruling a week ago in brackets as reported from the selected markets of the world are as follows:—

London:—S. Australian 44.6 (45) Rozario 40.4 (40.9).

Chicago:—Dec. 97 5/8 (97) May 97 1/4 (99).

Liverpool:—Dec. 104 1/2 (101 1/4).

Winnipeg:—Dec. 118 3/4 (118).

Karachi:—Ready 29-3-6 (29-4-0) Nov. 29-4-9 (29-10-6).

Hapur:—Ready 2-15-0 (3-0-3), Mangsir 2-15-2 (3-0-6).

Bombay:—Jan. 5-5-6 (5-5-9), May 5-2-9 (5-3-6).

Calcutta:—May 3-14-0 (3-15-6).

Amritsar:—Mangsir 3-1-10 (3-2-8).

From the above table of quotations it would appear that the wheat markets oversea closed slightly firm during the week under review while the markets of India finished slightly easier than previous week. The markets witnessed a shade strong tendency on the next first day of the week while on the last day a rather firm sentiment appeared resulting in the rise in the prices. The strength crept in owing to the good demand for actuals and cash demand, easiness in the political tension, substantial decrease in the supply in the south west, bullish Australian crop reports and rust damage in Cordeba. The general easiness which kept almost during the week was due to professional selling and profit taking, reports of prevailing weakness in the securities and easiness in freight.

Karachi Market

Karachi market during the week under review had an interesting tone, the every opening being easier while every closing rather steady. The undercurrent was however easy but on the finishing day firmness at once became visible which shot up the market. The easiness prevailed owing to speculative sellings by Punjab and Bombay Commission houses and lower oversea cables and the steadiness was caused on heavy export demand, good trading interest and Liverpool and Chicago strong cables. The price variations though were frequent, were of a limited nature. The highest during the week touched 29-14-0 quoted for November delivery and the lowest 29-3-0. Trading was done on a fair scale and the total spot sales totalled about to 77 000 bags which were mostly bought by the local millers and European exporters. Bombay exporters were entirely absent and did not enter in purchases. The daily average receipts amounted to nearly 6,000 bags mainly from up-country sources. Total arrivals since April 1 to October 23 reached to 4,978,423 bags while the transhipments amounted to 3,787,384 bags. The week's imports were computed to be 35,690 bags and the exports to 129,321 bags. The exportable surplus is estimated at 1,191,039 bags.

Decline In Prices

The up-country markets had had another week of weak and declining prices and once more the markets recorded a new low level for several months. Hapur market topped the list to manifest a hurry down hill scurry but moved more or less in line with fluctuations in foreign countries. Besides other general easy factors, a 25 per cent rebate in the railway fare for exportable wheat mostly induced the market to take a precipitous fall. Mangsir quotations 3-0-10 which had been recorded as the lowest during the last week were the highest during the week under review while the lowest were 2-14-6. The activity as far as export business is concerned had been very encouraging and some 50 Khattis of about 300 maunds each have been despatched to Calcutta and other eastern outposts. The export enquiry has increased and some 15 Khattis were despatched only yesterday. The stocks are still higher and stand reduced at 1 403 Khattis, or roughly 985,600 maunds against 840 Khattis last year in this season. Option dealers were seen very active owing to fast approach of Dipmalika.

Mixed Feeling

Bombay market had a mixed tendency although the undertone kept throughout easy and uninteresting and the movements on the whole were within a narrow range. The market was affected by the general weakness of other commodities that resulted in considerable sellings and realizing, lessening of foreign political situation, and foreign market reports. Trading was quiet and colourless and the operators were not disposed to enter into fresh commitments. Yesterday however a slight steadiness was caused in sympathy with better Liverpool cables and Chicago which induced scattered buying but owing to the lack of support a recession was effected.

During the week ending October 23 conditions were thundery over the region from south-east Arabian Sea to Andaman Sea. A few thunderstorms also occurred in south-east Madras. Sowing operations which are expected to be far larger than last year are progressively going on in full swing in U. P. and Punjab.

German Buying

After an easy trend during the last week the international markets held a mixed tendency the intrinsic tone however being easy. On the next first day of the week the markets firmed up and similarly the last day witnessed a rather strong attitude, thus finishing the markets as steady. Limited foreign demand reports of moisture in the winter wheat belt, leadership of profession, weakness in the Securities, easiness in the political unrest and easy freight were the factors that declined the markets. A certain amount of business was put through both to United Kingdom and Europe and according to an intimation Germany had gone in heavy purchases. Indian and Danubian wheat were highly favoured by Germany and Spain respectively. The demand in Russia was very lively and during the fortnight ended October 25, it is reported, over 25,200 000 qrs. were received and are regarded insufficient to meet even home requirements.

The weather was not very favourable and the Cardoba crop is reported to be suffering from Black Rust, and the out-turn would be consequently poor. But prospects of Argentine have much satisfactorily improved and the U. S. winter wheat belt has had gone moisture and conditions seem to be bright.

The estimates of the exportable surpluses with the exporting countries of the world are estimated at 62,000,000 qrs.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH

Issued By The Hindustani Native Merchant's Association

Bombay, Nov. 1.

Khadi—		Rs. a. p.
Tata	Per lb.	0 7 0
Textile	"	0 7 9
Bradbury	"	0 7 3
D. S. Group	"	0 7 3
Sassoon	"	0 7 3
Century	"	0 7 0
Toyo Podar	"	0 7 9
Simplex	"	0 7 3
Madhusudan	"	0 7 4½
Long Cloth (full weight In. 36—38 92½—93½—		
Mahal Brand	per lb	0 10 0
Madari Brand	"	0 9 9
Daud Saheb	"	0 9 9
Hindustan 8605	"	0 10 6
Hindustan 8705	"	0 10 6
Long Cloth (Light Weight)		
No. 5202—5303—		
Kurla	"	0 10 0
Idsu	"	0 10 0
Long Cloth X Quality—		
Apollo	"	0 9 7½
Century	"	0 9 7½
Jam	"	0 10 9
Textile	"	0 9 9
Spring	"	0 9 9
Madhusudan	"	0 9 7½
Victoriya	"	0 9 3
Long Cloth Satin Calander 34—42 In.		
Textile (Hand)	per lb.	0 9 3
Spring (Merchant)	"	0 9 3
Century (Bugal)	"	0 9 1½
Pohlad Siwala	"	0 8 9
Hindustan (Tiger)	"	0 9 6
Western 92½—92½ (Circus Horse)	"	0 9 3
Madhusudan	"	0 9 1½
Tijuri	"	0 9 6
Bharat Mill	"	0 9 0
Sundri	"	0 9 3
Jubily	"	0 8 4½
Hight Class Long Cloth (Edsu Mill)—		
8851-351	per piece	6 14 0
9821—656		6 9 0
1200—181	"	6 3 0
542—352	"	7 8 0
4141—657	"	7 2 0
140'—191	"	6 9 0
548—353	"	8 0 0
9191—658	"	7 9 0
Long Cloth Vegitable—		
Apollo	per lb.	0 8 10½
Idsu	"	0 8 10½
Century	"	0 8 7½
Madhusudan	"	0 8 9
Salita—		
1215 Idsu	"	0 8 6
1215 Madhusudan	"	0 8 6
1215 Sasoon	"	0 8 6
AAA Billi	"	7 6 0
Dhoties 7—8—9 Yard—		
Spring Mill (Balance)		0 10 6
Crown	"	0 10 3
Hindustan	"	0 10 3
Dhoties 10 Yards—		
Spring Mill (Balance)	"	0 9 9
Hindustan	"	0 10 3
Crown 4310	"	0 10 3
Gin Coloured—		
3 1515 Ratilal	per piece	7 14 0
1415 Ratilal	"	7 1 0
779	"	8 10 0
4141	"	8 10 0
Spring	"	8 10 0
979 Kohinoor	"	7 2 0
M. B. W.	"	8 4 0
Dhoti Mahin 44x10—		
115 Victoria	"	1 4 0
2142 Western	"	1 6 0

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No B. 1065

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BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1937

Ex-Andaman Prisoners Getting Restive

MAHATMA'S ASSURANCE AND APPEAL

Public Agitation Continues Unabated

CALCUTTA: November 1.

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following Statement to the Associated Press:—

"Before leaving Calcutta I should like to tell the public what actually is the position regarding my effort to secure relief, which I promised the Andaman prisoners I should make with all my heart.

In pursuance of the effort by the kind permission of the Bengal Government I saw the repatriated prisoners from the Andamans on October 30.

"I had nearly two hours with them. I am in correspondence with the Government in the matter and I expect to return to Calcutta on November 11, when I hope to see His Excellency the Governor and, if necessary, subject to Government permission, see both the prisoners and the detenus.

Meanwhile I trust that prisoners wherever they may be will not make the position difficult by resuming hunger-strike. I have information that many prisoners are getting restive over the delay.

"I can only give them the assurance that so far as I am concerned there shall be no remissness on my part in the effort. So far as the public are concerned they should know that the public agitation for securing relief continues unabated.—A. P.

GANDHI-ANDERSON INTERVIEW ON NOV. 11

MAHATMA HAS PREPARED DEFINITE SCHEME IN CONNECTION WITH DETENUS

CALCUTTA: November 1.

Mahatma Gandhi was again examined this morning by Doctor B. C. Roy, who informed the Press that GANDHIJI'S CONDITION WAS MUCH THE SAME TO-DAY.

According to present arrangements Mahatma Gandhi will leave for Wardha this evening.

It is, however, not yet decided whether he will visit the Hijli Detention Camp on his way to Wardha.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued a statement expressing appreciation of the arrangements made by Calcutta Congressmen in connection with the Working Committee and the All-India Congress Committee meetings.

The Working Committee resumed sitting this morning and is reviewing the work done by the Committee and the All-India Congress Committee during the last week.

The Committee is also understood to be discussing the various criticisms lodged by speakers at the A. I. C. C. meeting regarding the working of Congress Ministers in the seven Congress provinces in general, and Madras in particular, and the various administrative and other measures these Governments have adopted.

The Committee is expected to continue till this afternoon when it will conclude its Calcutta session.

Most of the members of the Working Committee are leaving for their respective stations this evening.

With the departure of Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, and of other members of the Working Committee this evening, one week of intensive political deliberations will come to a close.

Mahatma Gandhi is expected to return to Calcutta about November 10 for the purpose of interviewing Sir John Anderson, Governor of Bengal, in connection with the question of the release of detenus and the repatriations of the Andaman prisoners. Gandhiji is reported to have submitted a definite scheme to the Governor in this connection.

SIT FIRM IN SADDLE

Kelkar's Advice To Congress Ministries

SANGLI, Oct. 31.

"I do not wish to enter into details of some of the revolutionary proposals that are put to the ministries by Mahatma Gandhi but I hope on the whole that the constructive talent of the ministries and the opposition will together enable everyone to discover the proper limits and the real scope for success for these proposals" declared Mr. N. C. Kelkar, the Maharashtra leader on the course of an interview with the Associated Press regarding the working of the Congress ministries.

Mr. Kelkar said I wish all well to the Congress ministries only I hope they will be allowed to sit firm in their saddle for the full term of their office. They have a big talk before them and they require for its fulfilment all the time, energy and moral support that they can command.

Their critics should be patient and may trouble them, if at all, only with well-conceived constructive suggestions. The ryot is hopeful about some administrative good falling into its lap and its hope deserves to be fulfilled.

The Federation can well take care of itself; that is to say, the provincial ministries need not be disturbed or perturbed by the merits.

The policy of entering the councils and of accepting office for the good of the people should continue without interruption, to enable the ministries to give a good account of themselves if they can.

STAND BY CHINA AT TIME OF TRIAL

Mrs. Naidu And Syud Hossain's Appeal To Calcutta Students

CALCUTTA, Nov. 1.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presided over a public meeting this morning under the auspices of the Bengal Provincial Students' Federation in aid of China.

As she had to leave the meeting early in order to attend the last meeting of the Congress Working Committee she vacated the chair in favour of Mr. Syud Hossain. She, however, said that it was part of the moral duty of the Indian people to stand by China at this hour of her suffering.

Mr. Syud Hossain referred to the cultural and spiritual relationship that existed between India and China for centuries. A relationship which was unique in world history. Their hopes in Japan, he said after quoting Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore, had been falsified.

"They all hoped that, intensely patriotic as the Japanese were, they would develop a new technique of International morality. In the present circumstances India called out China and sympathised with her fate.

"He hoped that the day was soon coming when a free and united India would greet a free and united China and would again commence exchanging their cultural ideas and spiritual ideals. —A.P.

Jawahar To Tour Bengal

CALCUTTA, Nov. 1.

The "United Press" learns that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will undertake a fortnight tour in the interior of Bengal in January next, in connection with the mass contact movement of the Congress.

It is understood that very soon a vigorous campaign of mass contact, particularly with reference to the Muslims and scheduled caste people, will be undertaken in Bengal under the lead of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

Prominent Muslim Congress leaders of Bengal, including Maulvi Asafuddin Choudhury, Samsuddin Ahmed, Abdul Maleek and others, had an informal talk for more than an hour with Pandit Jawaharlal, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Mr. Subhas Bose this morning at the residence of Mr. Sarat Bose.—United Press.

JAWAHAR THANKS BENGAL CONGRESS

Hopes Permanent Volunteer Corps Will Be Built Up

CALCUTTA, Nov. 1.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued the following statement to the "Associated Press":

"May I express my gratitude to the B.P.C.C. for the excellent arrangements made for the meeting of the A.I.C.C. The Pandal they put up for it was beautiful and tastefully decorated, and, in spite of its unusually big size for a committee meeting, was suited to the purpose.

The hospitality that they gave to the members was much appreciated. The volunteers worked efficiently and smartly and deserve credit and thanks.

I trust that the B.P.C.C. will endeavour to build up out of these fine young men and young women a strong and efficient permanent volunteer corps.

I am sorry that I was unable, owing to stress of work, to meet the volunteers personally to thank them and to discuss with them the future of a volunteer organization here.

One of the delightful memories all of us will carry away from Calcutta will be of the beautiful singing of the group of girls, who gave us national songs. We shall treasure in particular the memory of the fine way in which they sang the "Bande Mataram" song. I wish we in other provinces could also have it sung so well." —A.P.

The Mauranipur Municipality, U.P., has resolved to present an address to Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Minister for Local Self-Government, during her visit to the town in the second week of November.

PRESS SMOTHERED IN MYSORE

BANGLORE, Oct. 29.

The Acting President, Mysore Congress Board, has issued a statement to the Press, in the course of which he says:—

The Dewan in his address to the Dasara Session of the Representative Assembly referred to the freedom enjoyed by the Press in Mysore. He said that 'Our newspapers also are betraying no sign of timidity or tender-heartedness towards us.' But we see now, within three days, the "Janavani," one of the popular dailies of Bangalore, was asked to cease publication, and Mr. B. N. Gupta, Member A.I.C.C. and Editor of "Prajamata," was ordered to remove himself from Mysore limits within 24 hours. It is quite regrettable to note that the Government are continuing still the repressive policy in Mysore.

The promulgation of Sec 144 Cr. P. C. is quite unwarranted in view of the fact that peace and tranquillity of Bangalore had already been restored on the day when the order was passed and the two-day disturbances were almost forgotten. The Government, I am sorry to state, are themselves provoking the peaceful people of the City. I appeal to the public to be calm and never to give way to feelings under any provocation and to support the Congress in its normal and legitimate activities.

The Congress in Mysore is gaining strength from day to day in its march towards the goal of self-government. Let us spare no pains to carry out its behests till we reach our goal.

Campaign Against Transfer Of Merwara Villages To States

(From Our Correspondent)
BEAWAR, (By Mail.)

The Sub-Committee appointed by the Ajmer-Merwara Provincial Congress Committee to devise ways and means to mobilize Public opinion against the transfer of some 114 villages to Udaipur and Jodhpur States, has now started its campaign in right earnest.

Mr. Jainarain Vyas Secretary of the Sub-Committee placed an elaborate scheme before the committee chalking out in details the lines on which the committee was to work. The scheme has been accepted.

The Committee has published a bulletin in Hindi. The Urdu Bulletin is in the press.

Very shortly a party of local Congressmen will go to Masuda in order to propagate against the transfer of Merwara Villages to the States. Thousands of people are expected to assemble there.

Under the auspices of the All-India Government Employees' Federation, a meeting of the representatives of the various Government Service Associations will be held at Poona on Sunday and Monday, the 14th and 15th November 1937 after the Bombay Presidency Postal and R.M.S. Conference, to discuss various questions affecting Government services.—A.P.

ETHIOPIA'S FIGHT STILL GOES ON

ITALIANS FACED WITH FINANCIAL DIFFICULTIES

(From Our Correspondent).
DJIBOUTI, Oct. 15
(By Air Mail.)

News of Ras Sey Yeun having joined his men has been confirmed. The Italians claim that they killed him and Haille Sellasi Guksa (the first traitor) as well. This proves that the whole of Tigre has risen

Well-known Generals like Dedjaz Gabre Hot Dedjaz Sahale and Dedjaz Werres are all in the field. They are capturing town after town and giving no quarter to the Italians.

700 Royalists are said to be with Tigre who work tanks, anti-aircraft guns, machine guns and have Radio for use. They have captured unlimited war stores

Tambien, Enidrta, Agaure, Hangien, Abba-Addis Amba Arrada, Aba Alugi, Shire, Aulalo and Asharg have all been captured.

Thousands of Amasin Tigre Italian soldiers have gone and joined the Tigre.

Ethopians on the other hand have captured Lakamti where Italians are working tanks for them. And all the country surrounding Addis Ababa is in their hands.

News of desertions reach here every day. First the Italians who deserted were all killed by the Ethopians because they wont trust them but the Abyssinians who speak Italian have stopped this and now they are fighting side by side.

Five of them who submitted to the Italian Consul here, said they were tired of Italian excesses and of killing innocent women and children so they had joined the Abyssinians. These five people are all non-commissioned officers who worked in air-service. They have been given protection and the Consul has helped them financially. They have showed willingness to proceed anywhere that they will be sent.

Kanz Azmash Mallion, who had submitted in Harrar Province and was a very powerful and influential Chief, has gone away and joined the Abyssinians in the bush at their request as they wished a leader like him.

Every one coming from Addis-Ababa and Dire-Dawa gives news of this and they say great unrest is spreading between Somali and other tribes who have roughly been treated.

Every one here says that the Italians have serious financial difficulties and may be obliged to leave Ethiopia soon.

They have asked Greeks and Armenians by proclamation to join them as volunteers and promised financial assistance to their families. These news I have received from Ethiopian official sources and many others who have lately arrived.

The Italians say there was trouble but they have killed Ras Seyyum by bombing and Ras Guksa was shot by an Italian Captain.

ENTIRE NATION WATCHES BIJNOR

Mr. Ibrahim On Muslim Confidence In Congress

BIJNOR, (By Mail.)

"The one clear issue that I sought to raise by seeking election on Congress ticket was as to whether the Muslims of this district are with the Congress or not, and my people have given an emphatic reply to that question and expressed their implicit confidence in the Congress policy", declared Mr. Hafiz Mohammad Ibrahim addressing a crowded meeting last night after the polling was over. Mr. Saiduddin, a member of the U. P. Assembly, who recently joined the Congress Party, presided over the meeting.

Referring to the question of the Muslims joining the Congress Mr. Hafiz Ibrahim said that the Muslims were now wide awake to the necessity of joining the Congress and acting upon its programme. He urged for complete communal unity and said that the Congress Government would do their utmost to wipe out communal hatred.

Mr. Saiduddin said that the verdict of the people of Bijnor would be a pleasant news for the whole of India. He added, "We were being deceived in the name of religion. The people of Bijnor have declared that it was impossible to deceive them any longer. We have broken the chain of mental servitude and regained our self-respect.

Dr. K. M. Ashraf of the A.-I. C. C. in his address deprecated the introduction of extraneous issues in election campaign. He claimed that the existence of the Muslim League was against the "elementary principles of political prudence."—United Press.

NOMINATIONS MUST GO

Poona Municipal President On Proposed Reforms

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, (By Mail).

Mr. S. N. Karape, President of the Poona City Municipality, expressing his opinion on several of the inquiries made in the Government questionnaire issued in order to elicit opinion of the Local Bodies on the question of reorganizing the whole system, has strongly opposed the system of nominations to the Local Bodies. He has opined that these nominations instead of being of any use in removing the defects in the administration of big municipalities, have become only a matter of favour from the Government.

Mr. Karape has endorsed the proposal of general constituencies with special reserved seats for minorities. He seems to be of the opinion that the present franchise should be continued until effective spread of education among the masses at large takes place.

TO IMPROVE FINANCES

With regard to the question of improving the finances of the Local Bodies—especially the municipalities—Mr. Karape has suggested that the Government should make over to the municipality all waste government land and unowned land within the municipal limits. He has further suggested that Government should hand over to the municipality a portion of the land revenue, entertainment tax and petrol tax proceeds, as also should authorise it to levy tax on the waste land.

Finally he has given a conditional support to regular cadre for high municipal servants.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *"THE BLACK"*

SO--YOU'RE THE BLACK---
MOST PEOPLE CALL ME JAMES MORLAKE, BUT--YES, I ADMIT I'M THE BLACK!
WELL, IN THAT CASE ---
SNAP!
DONAVAN, YOU GET THE DEPOSITION CONCERNING THIS ALLEGED ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY--- I'LL TAKE THIS FELLOW DOWN AND LOCK HIM UP----
LYMAN ANDERSON
THIS ISN'T THE WAY TO THE POLICE STATION!
IT ISN'T, MORLAKE--- NOW--WHAT'S ALL THIS ABOUT?--- AND WHERE DOES HAMON FIT INTO THE PICTURE?

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